THE TIMES
Delivered at your home, 25 cents per week.

Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 19 VICTORIA, B. C., THURSDAY, JUNE 21 1894. No. 151

The variety of our customers is the best indication of our success in running the right kind of a drug store. We generally have everything they want, too. C. E. JONES, 58 Government St. Always open.

RINGS.

RINGS

Children's Rings
Birthday Rings
Friendship Rings
Engagement Rings
Wedding Rings

RINGS

In all the latest designs at

CHALLONER & MITCHELL'S,
Manufacturing Jewellers, 47 Government St.

Phoenix Fire Insurance Company

(OF LONDON ENGLAND.)

FOUNDED 1782. STOCKHOLDERS' LIABILITY UNLIMITED.

The above Company, which has been established in Victoria since 1864, is one of the oldest and wealthiest English Companies. Since its establishment it has paid more than £19,000,000 in discharg- of claims for losses by fire. The undersigned, as agents, have full power to write polices, and settle all lossses and claims without refere erence elsewhere.

A. W. JONES & BRIDGMAN,
FIVE SISTERS BLOCK VICTORIA, B. C.

JUST

What you want, is just what we have. Ladies' Oxford Shoes, in Black or Tan Leather. These shoes are the proper thing for summer wear, and it's your loss if you don't see them.

A. B. ERSKINE, Cor. Gov't & Johnson Sts.

Carpet Cleaning and Upholstering

Carpets taken up, cleaned, altered and relaid; also cleaned on the floor by our Turkish rug and carpet cleaning process, which removes grease spots, paint, coal dust, lampblack, soot and stains of all kinds.

LACE CURTAINS AND BLANKETS A SPECIALTY.

Furniture and mattresses of ever description repaired, re-upholstered and recovered.

TEL. 540. W. G. FURNIVAL, 58 BROAD STREET

Want Any?

....HANDKERCHIEFS....

If you do, a rare opportunity is afforded for the next few days by the

WESTSIDE.

Lot 1—26 doz. Ladies'	½	in. hem stich,	15	in sq.,	White Silk Handkerchiefs at	85c. per ½ doz
Lot 2—47	"	½	"	18	"	95c. "
Lot 3—18	"	1	"	16	"	$1.15 "
Lot 4—29	"	1¼	"	20	"	1.65 "
Lot 5—10	"	1½	"	20	"	1.85 "
Lot 6— 9	"	1½	"	22	"	2.00 "
Lot 7— 5	"	1 1-2	"	20	"	1.40 "

43 only, Ladies' Artistic Embroidered Silk Ties, at 50c. each, worth $1.00.

WHITE HEMSTITCHED CAMBRIC AND SWISS HANDKERCHIEFS.

A (250)—25 doz. Fine White 14 in. 1-2 in. hemstitched Lawn, 50c. per 1-2 doz.
B 238)—36 doz " 1 " 60c. "
C—30 doz. Initial, 1 in., hemstitched Cambric, 16 in., $1 per 1-2 doz.
D—22 " Men's, 1 in. hemstitched, 27 in., $1.25 per 1-2 doz
E—19 " Men's White Silk, 1 1-2 in. H. S., 60c. each.
F—15 " Men's Linen Cambrick, 1 in. H. S., 27 in., $1.25 per 1-2 doz.
G—30 " Men's Tape Border, Scotch Lawn, 28 in., 65c. per 1-2 doz.
H—50 " Ladies' Embroidered and Scolloped Swiss Handkerchiefs, at 50c. per 1-2 doz.
I—25 " " " " superfine emb'y, $1.25 per 1-2 doz.

At the above quoted prices we expect to clear off the lot in short order. For a good selection come soon. All other salvage goods are being sold at the very low rates recently prevailing.

20 Gov't St., Victoria,
14th June, 1894. J. HUTCHESON & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—A live boy for insurance office. Box 128. jt21-3t

FOR SALE—A French movement 18-karat Gold Watch, 32 jewels; face tells date, day, moon, time and second hands; cost $150, can be bought for half-price. Address, G. L., Dominion Hotel. jc21-2t

Cord Wood.

Wanted, tenders for the supply of 150 cords of wood, to be delivered at Central and South Park Schools, until Thursday, 28th inst. Particulars at my office, corner Broad and Fort Streets.

B. WILLIAMS,
Secretary.
jc21-td

Notice to Carpenters and Others.

Tenders are required for the erection of a two storey frame residence with stone basement to be built on Lampson street, Esquimalt district.

Plans and specifications can be seen at my office where tenders will be received till 12 o'clock noon of Wednesday, June 27th. Tenders are also required for clearing the site of heavy timber. The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

J. GERHARD TIARKS,
Architect.
30 1-2 Government street, June 16th, 1894.

J. MORLEY and E. DEMERS.

Have taken over the

MARBLE BATHS
SHAVING PARLORS

In basement of Salmon's tobacco store, cr. Government and Yates streets. They have a competent man to manage their plain and Turkish baths, and can assure the public of first class service in every line of their business. jt21-1w

Gold and Silver Extraction.

The Cassel Cyanide Co. Ltd., of Glasgow, (the MacArthur Forrest Cyanide Process),

Is prepared to negotiate with mine owners and others for the extraction of the above metals from the most refractory ores and to treat and report on samples up to one ton in weight sent to its EXPERIMENTAL WORKS, VANCOUVER.

All communications to be addressed to W. Pellew Harvey, F.C.S., Assay and Mining Office, Vancouver B.C.

All kinds of assay, analytical and mining work undertaken. jc21

THE ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN SOCIETY

Will hold their

ANNUAL GATHERING

—AT—

Caledonia Park, Beacon Hill,

—ON—

WEDNESDAY, 4th JULY

The programme will consist of the Caledonian Games of Auld Scotia, the latest amusing novelty races, races for amateurs only, for which handsome gold and silver medals and cups are offered, and a grand tug-o'-war.

In the evening dancing on the spacious platform will take place, for which the best of music will be furnished.

The grounds will be splendidly decorated and during the evening illuminated. Refreshments can be had on the grounds.

Programmes of Sports, etc., will be published in a few days. Every lady on entering the grounds will receive a ticket for the GRAND TOMBOLA, to be drawn at the conclusion of the Sports, the prizes for which will be on exhibition in the window of T. N. Hibben & Co., Government street.

Admission 50c.; children under 12, 25c.
jt21 EDWIN C. SMITH, Secretary.

NEWS OF THE INTERIOR.

A Budget of Newsy Items From the Lodge—All About the Floods.

Fire at Three Forks—Three Men Drowned—Some Narrow Escapes, Etc.

(Nakusp Ledge.)

Freight comes high just at present, $80 per ton being asked for hauling goods this week between Nakusp and New Denver.

A fresh meat famine of alarming proportions exists in town.

Seventy-five miners' licenses were issued from the New Denver record office last month.

It is reported that placer grounds of no mean value have been discovered about twelve miles up Six-mile creek. Two men are credited with washing out $30 per day of gold steadily.

It registered 110 degrees in the sun at Revelstoke on Friday.

Numerous discoveries of galena are being made in the Slocan this season.

By the great storm of Sunday week J. T. Nault lost 200 cords of firewood at this place, and about an equal amount, it is feared, down the river. At Rosebery he suffered considerable loss also, the whole totalling up to about $2,100.

A sharp thunder storm passed over the town on Wednesday, followed by others on the succeeding days, accompanied by very squally weather generally. This has cooled Old Sol's heated brow somewhat, causing snow to fall on the hills and the floods to abate to an appreciable extent.

During the course of the recent big gale the lightning struck and set fire to woods Ruling's wagon road in the neighborhood of Watson. At last accounts the fire was burning merrily.

The town of Three Forks narrowly escaped being wiped out by fire during the big storm a week ago Sunday. One of a number of small cabins in the eastern part of the town by some means caught fire and quickly spread to those adjacent. The population turned out to fight the flames in a body, but they were not controlled until six or seven of the buildings had been destroyed. Adjoining one of the buildings so burned was a shed in which 1200 pounds of dynamite was stored. Had that exploded the loss of life would have been heavy.

A beef and butter famine is raging at Revelstoke.

The supply of whiskey at Revelstoke is almost exhausted, and unless more can be procured several of the inhabitants are liable to form the habit of drinking water, which is still plentiful around that burg.

From the devastated portions of the country comes the welcome news that the waters are subsiding as quickly almost as they rose. The Arrow lakes and the Columbia river are rapidly rumbling into their normal condition, leaving debris of all shapes and classes piled high on the shores as a memento of what has been. Those who have suffered are preparing to rebuild, particularly Genelle & Co. The railway people are looking after their floating warehouses and submerged sidings, of which they stand badly in need at present for shunting purposes. At Revelstoke the river is falling rapidly, making the loading of supplies for this place a much easier task. Slocan lake has fallen over three feet this week, and it is not expected to again break its bounds this year. The C. P. R. are gradually getting their road into shape for the resumption of traffic, the various rivers all subsiding.

A fire on the government reserve at New Denver last Thursday threatened the business portion of the town. It was extinguished with difficulty.

Revelstoke citizens are preparing for a big celebration on July 1st. Ample funds have been promised and the programme now in course of preparation will be a good one.

R. Clay, who was engaged at assessment work on the claim owned by him in a gulch off Four-Mile creek, had a narrow escape for his life one day recently, a landslide passing over him as he flattened himself against the projecting rock.

The buildings of many of the ranchers on the upper river have been swept away by the floods. Last week the Marion was navigated through a number of ranches which heretofore were supposed to be above high water mark.

It will take at least a month and several thousand dollars to repair the C. P. R. telegraph lines in this district. Between Kaslo and Nelson the wire is out of sight beneath the waters of the lake, as also to a great extent between Nakusp and Revelstoke. The wire from New Denver to Kaslo is broken in scores of places, by reason of the great storm, necessitating a new circuit throughout.

Messrs. Sweeny and McCreary, two of the partners in the Consolidation mine, in the Big Bend, came down last week, says the Mail, bringing a bag of gold amounting to something over $1,000, besides a 1 1-2 oz. nugget worth $28. They brought tiding of a washout at their mine which has compelled them to suspend operations for a few weeks at least.

Information, somewhat meagre in minor details, has reached town of the drowning of three men in Five-Mile creek a tributary of Trout lake. It appears that on the evening after the great gale a week ago Sunday, a body of men engaged in placer mining were encamped in a dry gulch close to Five-Mile creek. During the night, the creek, swollen to enormous proportions, changed its course and swept through the gulch where the men were sleeping. Several of them reached dry land in safety, but three were not so fortunate and were carried away by the flood and drowned. The names of the victims were Raynor, Stewart and Metcalfe. The bodies were recovered and buried.

Arrivals in town from Kaslo report that the damage by the recent storm was considerable in that city, upwards of 50 buildings having been destroyed. Nearly all the structures east of Third street, including the jail, the bridge and the Kaslo Trading Co.'s store, had been broken up and floated out on the lake. In many of the houses the furniture had not been taken out when surrounded by the flood, as the occupants never thought of a wind storm arising and committing so much destruction. The river's bank beneath Mayor Kane's residence was undermined and the building toppled over into the flood. Hughes' wharf and that built by the citizens a year ago at great expense was totally destroyed. J. B. Wilson, Green Bros. and other merchants on the lower part of Front street had to move their goods further up town. The water was up to the postoffice, close to which the steamers were landing.

Ainsworth escaped the storm very well, but all outlying places suffered more or less. Both of the wharves at Nelson, besides other property, were destroyed. Between Kaslo and New Denver the storm struck in places, but wherever its fury was felt everything went down before it like matches. Hundreds of trees were torn up and flung across the wagon road and telegraph wire, effectually destroying the latter. The grade of the N. & S. R. between Rosebery and Three Forks is washed out in many places, while the supports of several of the trestles have been destroyed. But meagre reports have come in from the outside, but it would seem that the storm was exceedingly wide in scope and damaging in effect.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—Young girl for general housework. No 7 Dallas road. 319-3

WANTED—At Spencer's Arcade, experienced salesmen and saleslades. Apply between 8 and 9 a.m. jt21-21

A TRUE SAYING

A DOLLAR EARNED IS A DOLLAR SAVED.

And YOU CAN DO IT by taking advantage of the CASH DISCOUNT and present low prices at the

ROCK BAY LUMBER YARD,
Ewen Morrison, Prop.

Change in Business.

In future the business of R. H. Jameson, Grocer, will be done on the

Cash System.

R. H. JAMESON & CO.,
Red Front Store, 33 Fort St.

DUNMORE'S TRIP.

The Adventurous Lord Making Arrangements for His Journey.

New York, June 21.—Charles Franklyn Murray, Earl of Dunmore, is making plans for a journey by land from New York to Paris, by way of Alaska and Siberia. He has just gone to Montreal to make arrangements with the Hudson Bay company for the equipment of his expedition. It may be impossible to go from New York to Paris by land, but the Earl of Dunmore says he will come pretty near accomplishing the feat. He will make his way to Alaska by land, cross to Siberia at a season of the year when the strait is frozen over and travel across Siberia to Europe. He has not calculated how long it will take to make the journey, but he says he will make it if he is permitted to live. The Earl of Dunmore is a noted traveller and sportsman. The year before last he completed a very difficult and adventurous journey from India to the Caspian sea across the Pamirs and Central Asia.

LISBON BAKERS STRIKE.

Strikers Assume a Menacing Attitude—Six Thousand on Strike.

London, June 21.—A special to the Times from Lisbon says that 6,000 bakers in that city have gone on strike against the municipal regulations requiring the faster bakers to deposit 8,000 reis as a guarantee that they will sell bread of a proper weight. The strikers are encamped outside the city and have assumed a menacing attitude.

Pension Bureau Savings.

New York, June 21.—A special from Washington says: The prediction that the reforms instituted by the Democratic administration in the pension bureau would result in converting into the treasury at the end of the fiscal year several millions of dollars, is about to be realized. Commissioner Lochren has had prepared a careful estimate showing that the surplus will be nearly $25,000,000. Commissioner Lochren's estimate for pension disbursements in the fiscal year 1895 has been reduced from $165,000,000 to $140,000,000, so that the coming year's disbursements will effect a saving equal to $25,000,000.

Cramp's Third Wife.

Washington, June 21.—The engagement of Mrs. Madeline Tasker Polk and Mr. C. H. Cramp, Philadelphia, head of the great shipbuilding firm of that name, is announced. Mr. Cramp has been married twice. His deceased wives were sisters, and each died at an early age. Mr. Cramp is about sixty years of age, while his fair fiancee is but half that age. She is beautiful and charming. Mrs. Madeline Tasker Polk is a member of the oldest and most distinguished of the colonial families. She owns and occupies a pretty house near the boundary, where the marriage is to occur next October. Mrs. Polk, expects to leave soon for a three months' trip to Europe.

MORE BOODLING.

Turcotte, M. P. Shown to Have a Contract With the Militia Supplies.

Damaging Evidence of His Late Partner Before Privileges Committee.

Ottawa, June 21.—There was a strong case made out against A. J. Turcotte, M. P., before the privileges and elections committee to-day. J. B. Provost, who was a partner of Turcotte in the grocery and provision business at Quebec, was examined to-day. He stated that he dissolved partnership with Turcotte in February, 1893. They formerly had a contract for the militia supplies at Quebec. When he left the business he got $300 per year for his goodwill and $100 for his share of this contract. The contract would not be made out in Turcotte's name, as he was a member of parliament, so it was made out in Provost's name. For 1893 and for the first months of 1894 Turcotte supplied all the goods, etc. He got all the money for this contract with the exception of the $100 mentioned, which Provost got. The cheques were made out in his (Provost's) name, but the department had them forwarded to Turcotte & Co. They were afterwards taken to him and he signed them. They were signed by Lorne, who had power of attorney from him, and who was an employe of Turcotte & Co. A. J. Turcotte, M. P., carried on the business of Turcotte & Co. After he endorsed the cheques they were endorsed by A. J. Turcotte for Turcotte & Co. Turcotte, brother of the latter, was present as counsel for his brother, but did not cross-examine witness.

OVERCOMES EVERY OBSTACLE.

Every Break in the C. P. R. Passable—One Steamer Transfer.

Vancouver, June 21.—All breaks on the Canadian Pacific railway are now passable for trains, except between Ruby Creek and Agassiz. Trains from the east will reach Vancouver four or five hours late on account of the steamer transfer between these points.

A VETERINARY STAFF

To Be Attached to the Department of Agriculture—The French Treaty.

Ottawa, June 21.—At a meeting of the agricultural committee to-day a resolution was passed recommending that a veterinary staff be organized in connection with the department of agriculture for dealing with tuberculosis and other infectious diseases and the inspection of live stock for export, and that the head of the staff be made chief veterinary officer of the department, with a salary that will enable him to devote the whole of his time to the business. The committee hoped that the services of Dr. McEachren would be continued in that position.

The preamble of the bill to run a bicycle railway from Winnipeg to Louisburg, Cape Breton, was adopted to-day at the railway committee.

James Huddart, promoting the fast Atlantic line, arrived at noon. He will interview the government this afternoon.

The government yesterday summoned up courage enough to introduce a bill to ratify the French treaty. There will be a keen debate on the second reading.

The senate yesterday passed the insolvency bill through the final stage, Dr. McCallum's amendment proposing the six months hoist being defeated by 40 to 9. Dr. McInnes voted with the minority.

AMERICAN NEWS NOTES.

Daily Chronicle of the Events of the Great Republic.

Saginaw, Mich., June 21.—Newell R. Parsons, late confidential clerk for Wells, Stone & Co., who was convicted of stealing $463,000 worth of railroad bonds from his employers, was sent for five years to the state prison yesterday.

Springfield, Mass., June 21.—E. C. Knoppe, bookkeeper of the Chicopee National Bank, is an embezzler for $25,000.

Washington, June 21.—The gold reserve to-day, after deducting the 2,225,006 engaged for shipment to-day, is $64,[illegible] over than ever before.

ANTI-LORDS MEETING.

Rosebery's Course Upheld—Labouchere's Resolution Defeated.

London, June 21.—At the anti-lords meeting a few pounds at persons were present, Mr. Watson moved the first resolution which was carried. The second resolution was moved and Mr. Labouchere moved a substitute that the lords being useless and dangerous, ought to be abolished, and calling upon the government to introduce a measure for the abolition of the house of lords. The substitute was lost by a large majority. The original resolution was carried with enthusiasm.

Cable News.

Edinburgh, June 21.—The Liberals of Midlothian have selected Sir Thomas David Gibson Carmichael, bart, as their candidate in the contest for the seat in parliament for Midlothian, which ex-Premier Gladstone, who has held it since April, 1880, has only consented to retain until next election. Sir Thomas is the eldest son of the Rev. Sir Wm. Carmichael, thirteenth baronet. He has not yet sat in parliament, having unsuccessfully contested Selkirkshire.

Paris, June 21.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes as compared with the last account: Notes in circulation, 20,450,000 decrease; treasury accounts current, increase 22,825,000; gold in hand, increase 2,400,000; bills discounted, decrease 13,650,000; silver in bank, decrease 975,000.

WILL GO OPPOSITION.

R McLeese of Soda Creek, Holds a Meeting at the 150 Mile House.

And Arraigns Government's Policy of Incompetency and Corruption.

150-Mile House, June 16.—A meeting of electors of Cariboo was held at 150-Mile house to-day, 16th June.

Mr. Gavin Hamilton moved that Mr. Thomson take the chair and that Mr. Stewart act as secretary. This was seconded by Mr. Bain.

Mr. Thomson having taken the chair introduced Mr. McLeese, the candidate. Mr. McLeese proceeded to give his views and expressed his pleasure at seeing such a representative audience. He spoke at some length on the gravity of the financial position of the province and on the reckless expenditure of the present government. He expressed himself as in favor of putting into power a new party, who would keep in view the advisability of investing the public money with some chance of making it a source of revenue. Mr. McLeese reviewed his course when in the house before and explained the circumstances. On the settlement bill of the present government in connection with the overland railway, he justified the opposition and criticized the action of the government in making such injudicious grants or bargains. He also severely criticized the inducements held out to bring the terminus to the present situation. Continuing, Mr. McLeese touched on the Newfoundland election and the late expenses there. On the Alexandria and Quesnelle road, he termed it as nothing less than a bribe to the locality and a previous expenditure in the same district as something similar. He criticized the actions of the present government as something similar to the Newfoundland one referred to. Mr. McLeese also went over the position he took when in parliament about the handing over of the dry dock at Esquimalt, and proved how time had showed his views to be correct. He also severely censured the wholesale promises made by the premier at the present time and the efforts made by the government to shield inefficient and unsuitable officials. On the road question he touched on the fact that two road superintendents had been found to be robbing the public to the extent of 25 per cent. per day for each man they employed. He also deplored the wretched system of road making all over the province and the favoritism brought to bear in the locations. On the government buildings at Victoria he expressed himself as totally unable to imagine how any member of the present government can attempt to justify such an expenditure at the present time. He also quoted the opinions of outsiders on the subject. He explained minutely the nature of the caucus and the workings of that body and the hold it had on the members. On the subject of the Nakusp & Slocan railway he condemned the action of the government as beyond their powers and worse than unbusinesslike. He also discussed the findings of the special commission appointed to investigate the proceedings and the probable expense of the said proceedings, which will not be known before July of 1895, as well as the premier's expenses to Ottawa on the same business, and on the limited way in which the indictment was drawn up.

On the redistribution question, he deplored the way in which this district is represented at Ottawa and the fact that the representation has been reduced to two members, which will be accepted by capitalists and outsiders as a sign that this upper country is a worked out mining camp, instead of a country of unlimited resources both in mining and agriculture. He also deplored the expenditure made on surveys and on the unreliable reports furnished by them, and said that the Nechaco survey was solely in the interests of some beggarly promoters of a railway, and that he thought the enterprise in advance of the times and that a local railway to tap the mining centres here would meet everything that is required. On the question of public accounts he discussed the appointment given to the premier's brother and Col. Baker's expenses as shown in them. He also touched on the real mission which took Col. Baker to England. He severely censured the way in which the accounts brought out the net revenue of the province, and showed how the decrease of revenue indicated that the country would soon be bankrupt if the present government was permitted to continue its present policy.

Mr. Thomson, the chairman, invited questions, but none were asked. Mr. Hamilton moved a vote of thanks to Mr. McLeese and expressed his concurrence with his views. This was seconded by Mr. John Murphy. Mr. McLeese moved a vote of thanks to the chairman and secretary, which was carried.

HORRIBLE LIFE AT SEA.

Brutality of a Ship's Crew—A Captain's Terrible Experience.

San Francisco, June 20.—The British ship Inverurie arrived from Newcastle, N. S. W., yesterday after a sensational voyage. Among the passengers were Eustace Alexander, son of a Melbourne tobacco merchant, who eloped from Sydney, leaving a young wife and child behind him. He presented himself to Captain Wilcox of the Inverurie as Dr. C. H. Armitage, and stated that the woman who accompanied him was his wife. Shortly after the ship sailed from Newcastle Captain Wilcox had occasion to reprimand the first mate, Anderson, for inattention to duty. The latter, however, with the assistance of the alleged doctor, succeeded in winning most of the crew over to his side, after which the ship was one continuous scene of mutiny, culminating in the death of the captain's wife.

About two weeks ago Mrs. Wilcox began to prepare for confinement, and a week ago last Friday Dr. Armitage was called in. Captain Wilcox, as a majority of British captains are, is fairly well skilled in surgery, and was not satisfied with the manner in which the alleged doctor was treating his wife, and he so expressed himself. In trying to eject the doctor a row ensued, in which the first mate took a hand, and the sailors joined in open mutiny and helped to lock the captain in the carpenter's house, from which he secured his release shortly after his wife had given birth to a lifeless child. He was allowed to see the infant, which was buried at sea a week ago Wednesday.

The captain realized that he had odds against him, and prayed for peace until land was sighted, but such was not his fate. With the aid of the second mate, John Jones, and the ship's carpenter, he managed to control the crew for a while, but the trouble was soon renewed. Shortly after the child had been born the captain was informed that his wife was very low, and in his grief he drank a cup of brandy which he believes was drugged, for when he recovered from its effects he found himself locked in the carpenter's house again, but with the aid of the carpenter he was released, and when he appeared on deck and demanded an explanation of the treatment he had received the first mate ordered the crew to put a straight jacket on him and lock him up again.

On Saturday morning he was released and went to his wife's bedside. That evening she died. On the arrival of the ship Captain Wilcox had the body of his wife removed to the morgue, and reported the facts to the British consul. Alexander and his companions were landed from the Inverurie in charge of a sergeant of police. They will be kept under surveillance until some action shall be taken by the local authorities and the British consul. Acting Quarantine Officer Williams stated that the dead woman had been maltreated in a fearful manner, and there is no doubt in his mind that murder was committed.

There have been no more sensational developments in the hideous story of the voyage of the bark Inverurie across the Pacific from Newcastle. Captain Wilcox, the second mate and the carpenter, who remained loyal to the captain during the recent mutiny, went ashore and devoted considerable attention to the preparations for the funeral of Mrs. Wilcox, which took place to-day. The captain has not yet preferred a formal charge against the first mate and his men. He will probably first devote his attention to the inquest, which is to be held to-morrow.

AMOS BOWMAN IS DEAD.

The Founder of Anacortes—Journalist and Mining Engineer.

Anacortes, June 19.—Amos Bowman died at his home in this city yesterday afternoon, after an illness of several weeks, the result of hardships experienced in making a trip to Victoria in a small boat. He was 55 years of age and has been a conspicuous figure on the coast since the early days of California. He was a native of Ontario, but crossed the line to Ohio early in life. From there he went to New York, where he took a medical course in one of the universities, at the same time studying shorthand. His proficiency in the latter branch enabled him to secure a position on the New York Tribune under Horace Greeley, whom he knew. Coming to the Pacific coast he drifted into journalism again, this time in the employ of the Sacramento Union. After serving in this capacity for several years he went to Germany and graduated as a civil and mining engineer from the universities of Freiburg and Munich. While abroad he acted as correspondent of the New York Tribune. He returned to California and became editor of the Mining and Scientific Press until he took charge of the California geological survey and ran the line between the states of Nevada and California. He remained in this service until invited to join the geological survey of the Canadian government, under whose employ he remained until a few years ago, when he resigned. Most of his work in this position was done in British Columbia, with the mining resources of which he was well informed. Early in his travels in the Northwest he became impressed with this locality, and at one time owned a large land interest here. A considerable portion of this land he gave to the railroad company, and during the boom of [illegible] he was looked upon as a very wealthy man. He leaves a family consisting of a wife, a daughter and three sons, all of whom were with him at the time of death. The town of Anacortes (Anna-Cortes) was named after Mrs. Bowman.

(Mr. Bowman sailed his sloop to Victoria about a month ago, and for a few days after was unwell as a result of the trip. He then, however, attributed his indisposition to the effects of la grip. He was very well known in Victoria and throughout British Columbia, where his death will be sincerely deplored.)

Argentine Tariff.

New York, June 20.—The Herald's Beunos Ayres dispatch says: A parliamentary committee has recommended that the following customs duties be imposed upon imports from the United States of North America: Kerosene, 1 1-2 per cent. per litre; pine and spruce lumber, 5 per cent. ad valorem; pitch pine the same; agricultural machinery valued above $200, 5 per cent.; under $200, 25 per cent.

Hall's Hair Renewer renders the hair lustrous and silken, gives it an even color, and enables women to put it up in a great variety of styles.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" Soap wrappers (wrappers bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c postage to send in wrappers, if you leave the end open. Write your address carefully.

British News.

London, June 19.—It is reported that Sir Edward Malet, British ambassador, has sent his resignation to his government in London, stating as his reason for wishing to retire that it is impossible for him longer to successfully represent the interests of England at the court of the kaiser since, owing to the acts of the British cabinet, the confidence of the emperor has been lost. It is said the kaiser has bitterly reproached the British cabinet for taking unfair advantage of his straightforwardness in dealing with England, and also accused Sir Edward Malet with having countenanced the English cabinet's duplicity. Sir Edward Malet, it is asserted, protested to the kaiser against the accusation, declaring he was as much surprised as the kaiser. The emperor, according to report, informed Sir Edward that England could thank herself if henceforth he should reverse the friendly policy of Germany and return to Bismarck's distrust of everything English.

The report of the resignation cannot be confirmed at the foreign office. It is surmised that some trouble has arisen out of the Anglo-Belgian treaty regarding the Congo frontier which has caused the friction between the German foreign office and the British ambassador, but the report of the latter's resignation is not generally credited.

Mr. E. S. Willard, the actor, was welcomed on his return from the United States this afternoon by the Green Room club, the welcome taking the form of a banquet. Henry Irving presided, and spoke glowingly of Mr. Willard's success in the United States.

The delegates to the International University Extension congress were entertained to-day by the chancellor and faculty of the University of Oxford. The congress formally opens to-morrow in the theatre of the London University, and the Marquis of Salisbury will deliver the opening address.

Engineer Williams, of the Manchester canal, has been knighted.

Gladstone announces that it will be impossible for him to visit the United States.

While returning from a fete at Samota, Prussia, Tuesday, forty-five young people were drowned by the capsizing of a boat.

Sir William Harcourt will retire from the commons at the close of this session, and will be elevated to the house of lords. The choice of Liberal leader in the commons lies between Bannerman, Asquith and John Morley.

BREAD and BUTTER

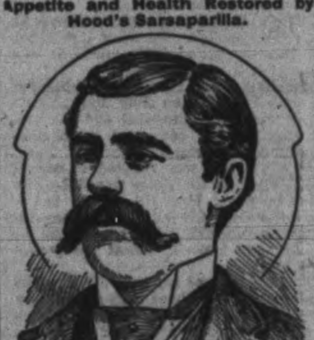
is an actual necessity in the keeping up of a home. Another necessity in these progressive days is E. B. EDDY'S Indurated Fibreware. To be without them is to be behind the times. Your grocer will tell you all about it.

Tubs, Pails, Wash Bowls, Milk Pans.

Broken in Health

That Tired Feeling, Constipation and Pain in the Back

Appetite and Health Restored by Hood's Sarsaparilla.



Mr. Chas. Steele
St. Catherine's, Ont.

"For a number of years I have been troubled with a general tired feeling, shortness of breath, pain in the back, and constipation. I could get only little rest at night on account of the pain and had no appetite whatever. I was that tired in my limbs that I gave out before half the day was gone. I tried a great number of medicines but did not get any permanent relief from any

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

source until, upon recommendation of a friend, I purchased a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla, which made me feel better at once. I have continued its use, having taken three bottles, and

I Feel Like a New Man.

I have a good appetite, feel as strong as ever I did, and enjoy perfect rest at night. I have much pleasure in recommending Hood's Sarsaparilla." CHARLES STEELE, with Erie Preserving Co., St. Catherine's, Ontario.

Hood's Pills are prompt and efficient, yet easy in action. Sold by all druggists. 25c.

JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.

VICTORIA, B. C.

W. J. HANNA,
Graduate U. S. College of Embalming
PARLORS, 42 BROAD ST., VICTORIA, B.C.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867)

Funeral Director and Embalmer
Government street, Victoria.

THOS. STOREY,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.
Office: 90 Johnson St.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use
IS THE BEST.
Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other.

Manufactured by
RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANY, OREGON.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1000 on any approved security.
VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE,
132 Government street.
Private entrance on Pandora street.
Business strictly confidential. s19-tf

SAVE Money! Time! Labor!

—BY USING—

THE H. & K.

Self Cleansing Plate Polishing Cloth

NO PLATE POWDER NECESSARY.

The cloths are chemically prepared and will not injure the finest ware.

Used by the best families in Great Britain for polishing silver and plated ware.

The cloths will last for months and retain their polishing properties to the end. The best thing ever introduced for polishing silver and plated ware.

Price 20 cents per cloth, or three cloths for 50 cents.

For sale at—

SEHL-HASTIE-ERSKINE CO.,
and WEILER BROS.,
VICTORIA, B. C.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily, except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7.00 a.m Lv....SPOKANE....Ar. 5.30 p.m.

Commencing January 8, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:30 p.m. same days.

The Dead Advertise Not.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Via Revelstoke

TO

Robson, Fort Shepherd,
Slocan, Hendryx,
Ainsworth, Nelson,
Balfour, Pilot Bay,
Kaslo, AND ALL Kootenay Points.

For passenger and freight rates apply to
GEO. L. COURTNEY,
Freight and Passenger Agent,
Victoria.
GEO. McL. BROWN,
Dist. Pass. Agent,
Vancouver.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C. Rouse, Receivers.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

—RUNS—

Pullman Sleeping Cars,
Elegant Dining Cars,
Tourist Sleeping Cars,

To St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Fargo, Grand Forks, Cookston, Winnipeg, Helena and Butte.

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

SPEED	Victoria Route.	TONNAGE
18 knots	S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."	1117

8 30 pm	Lv	M I	...*Victoria...	110	Ar	4 30 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	38	Pt. Townsend	72	Lv	1 30 pm
3 00 am	Lv	82	...Seattle....	28	Lv	10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	110	...*Tacoma...	MI	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD
Freight and Passenger Agent,
Victoria B. C.

A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent,
121 First [illegible] Washington, Portland.

Great Northern Railway

THE BUFFET LINE.

Passengers for Chicago Can Take Sleeping Car at Seattle Through Without Change.

Passengers leave Victoria at 7:30 a.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the East, running Buffet Cars, with bath room, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping and first and second class coaches.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson, and other points in the Kootenai mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascade and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

For information or publications apply to
C. A. RATTRAY,
General Agent,
No. 4 Adelphi Block,
Cor. [illegible], Victoria, B.C.
F. I. WHITNEY,
Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt.
St. Paul, Minnesota.

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, July 7th, 1894, at 2 p.m.

For passage apply to 138 Montgomery St. For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer

Mariposa....Thursday, June 28th, at 2 p.m.

Or immediately on arrival of the English mails

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO.
General Agents.

W. W. WEBSTER, District Agent.
R. E. CONNOR, Agent, Bastion Square, Victoria.

CAPT. WM. WEBSTER
Agent for Puget Sound Territory.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer
Every 5 days for San Francisco
Carrying Her Majesty's Mails
FROM OUTER WHARF AT 8 P.M
City of Puebla - - June 22
R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,
(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 22,
Taking effect November 1st, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Ft. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.
JOHN IRVING, Manager.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 19.

To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday October 12th, 1893.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

NORTH BOUND (READ DOWN) No. 2 Passenger Daily	NORTH BOUND No. 1 Passenger Fri.'s Sat.'s & Sundays	Miles from Victoria	STATIONS	Miles from Wellington	SOUTH BOUND (READ UP) No. 1 Passenger Daily	SOUTH BOUND No. 2 Passenger Fri.'s Sat.'s & Sundays
De. 8:00 A.M.	De. 3:00 P.M.	[illegible]	VICTORIA	[illegible]	Ar. 12:34 P.M.	Ar. 8:00 P.M.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	RUSSELL'S	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	ESQUIMALT	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	GOLDSTREAM	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	SUMMIT SIDING	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	COBBLE HILL	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	McPHERSON'S	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	KOKSILAH	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	DUNCAN'S	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	SOMENOS	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	CHEMAINUS	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	OYSTER BAY SID'G	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	NANAIMO	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ar. 12:34 P.M.	[illegible]	78	WELLINGTON	[illegible]	De. 8:10	De. 4:30

ON FRIDAYS, SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter good for return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent Victoria Station.

A. DUNSMUIR, President.
JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

QUICK TIME ! ! !

TO SAN FRANCISCO

—AND—

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Mt. Shasta Route of the

Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all Points East and South

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars

Attached to Express Trains, affording superior accommodations for Second-Class Passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservation etc., call upon or address

THOS. A. GRAHAM,
Dist. Pass. Agent,
No. 1100 Pacific Ave.
Tacoma, Wash.
E. P. ROGERS,
Asst. Gen. Fgt. and Pass. Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER **JOAN**

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria....................Tuesday 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox..............Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Union Wharf Thursdays at 8 a.m. for Nanaimo returning to Union Wharf same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo..............Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria...........Saturday, 7 a.m.

Trips to Valdes Island are discontinued.

For freight or stateroom apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, [illegible]

CENTRAL AMERICAN TRADE.

An Opportunity for Victoria Merchants Suggested by Seattle.

At a meeting of the Seattle Chamber of Commerce this week, the question of opening up trade with the Central American states was discussed by J. E. Chilberg, who returned from those countries last week. As the information supplied by Mr. Chilberg will be of interest to Victoria merchants it is reproduced from the Post-Intelligencer. He said:

"In distance Central America and Mexico are our nearest foreign neighbors, excepting only Canada and the Sandwich islands. From a geological standpoint the opportunities for business are good. The population of Central America is about 2,000,000, living in five republics, namely: Guatemala, San Salvador, Honduras, Nicaragua and Costa Rica. The governments of these republics are some good and some bad. The revolutions of which we read so much are simply the Spanish-American manner of electing a president, and much less bloodshed results from such elections than we are led to believe from published reports. They are not a serious hindrance to business, excepting in the immediate vicinities of battles and armies; outside of that business goes on uninterrupted.

"At present Central America has but one line of steamships plying between the Pacific coast and their country, which is the Pacific Mail to San Francisco. The business men of Central America are not favorably disposed towards the Pacific Mail, and are anxious for competition. They will be glad of an opportunity to liberate themselves from the extortions of the San Francisco commission houses, with which they are compelled to do business at present.

"The exports from San Francisco to Central America at present amount to about $2,000,000 a year. The imports from Central America to San Francisco will reach $2,000,000. The total exports from the United States to Central America amount to over $6,000,000, and from there to the United States to over $9,000,000.

"Of the exports from San Francisco to Central America Puget Sound can compete favorably on all articles excepting California wines, beans and salt. In flour and lumber, with a line of ships from Seattle to Central America, we will be able to undersell San Francisco.

"The principal articles exported from the Pacific coast to Central America are flour, coal, lumber, potatoes, tea, China rice, farming implements, hardware, furniture, drugs, groceries, provisions, canned meats and fish, brooms, brushes, machinery, powder, arms and ammunition, corrugated iron, barbed wire, oats, barley, hops, malt, wheat, liquors, beer, etc.

"The heaviest business, of course, would be in flour and lumber. At present these countries are buying 15,000 barrels of flour a month. Until within fifteen months ago this was California flour. Since then, by shipping through San Francisco, the Dayton, Wash., mills and the C. & C. mills of Spokane have been enabled to build up a trade on their flour of about 5,000 barrels a month, or a third of the whole.

"Central Americans are buying our lumber at present through San Francisco commission houses for the lumber yards there, paying from $5 to $7 a thousand more than it would cost to buy it here. So it is safe to say that our flour and lumber business alone would be large enough to load a 1,200 ton vessel monthly from Seattle, to say nothing of the other items.

"The exports from Central America to the Pacific coast are coffees, sugar, cocoa, mahogany, Spanish cedar, tropical fruits and hides.

"The coffee, on which we would have to depend largely for return cargoes, is shipped to all points in Europe and the United States on consignment, and it is safe to say that if we can show the Central Americans a good market for the sale of their coffees that we should receive our share or a fair share of these consignments. Our railroad advantages will enable us to compete as far as Chicago with coffee shipped to New York via the isthmus.

"The present freight rates from San Francisco to Central America are $7.50 to $8 a ton. From New York to Central America $15 to $20 a ton. The number of ports from which we would derive the most business are the three southernmost Mexican ports and the ten Pacific coast ports in Central America.

"Almost all of the business of the Central American states is done through the Pacific coast ports, there being almost no connection with the Atlantic coast and the interior."

The chairman was authorized, as the matter was considered important, to appoint a special committee to look into the possibilities of the matter as outlined by Mr. Chilberg.

WORK IN KOOTENAY.

A Cut in Wages—Mining Matters Reported Quiet.

There is a great deal of dissatisfaction among the employes on the Nakusp & Slocan railway on account of the cut in their wages. The men's pay has been cut down 25 cents per day, and those who are working by the month fare even worse, as the man who used to get $50 a month and his board now only gets $50 and pays for his board himself. It is said that William Daly, superintendent, left the company's service on that account. The proceedings seems very unjust, since it affects the man drawing low wages much more than a $150 or $200 a month man.

The only mining news of importance is the reported sale of the Black Prince claim in Lardeau district. The sale was made through Messrs. Murphy and Gilhooley of New Denver, the purchasers being the Moore syndicate of Duluth. The Black Prince was located by a painter named Brown, and was owned by him and T. A. Mills of Nelson. The purchase price is said to be $8000.

The water in Eagle and Forty-nine creeks is falling, and operations are now progressing satisfactorily at both the Poorman mill and the works of the Nelson Hydraulic Mining Company. At the latter place the ditch and flume will be enlarged and extended as soon as lumber can be got on the ground.

Phil Aspinwall came in from New Denver on Thursday. He says several laughable incidents occurred at that place during the storm on Sunday. A colored woman, whose house was shifted several feet, ran out on the street, dropped on her knees, and prayed to God for a remission of her many sins. A canoe lying on the beach in front of the Slocan hotel was picked up, wafted over the hotel and landed on the shoemaker's shop on the bluff. One of the chimneys of the Slocan hotel was blown down, and the guests of the hotel, thinking their end had come, made for the woods.

D. Graham and Murdock McKenzie made a satisfactory strike upon their claim, the Victoria, situated at one corner of the Lardeau townsite. They have scarcely finished development, but in an open cut of about eight feet have about four inches of clean ore.

Pfeifer and Ward are doing development work on their claims on Jackson creek. They have driven a tunnel 80 feet on the hillside, with a stringer of ore all the way. The main body is underneath, and they are beginning to sink for it. On the Galt they have a tunnel run 75 feet, with a good showing.

THE CAUTIOUS CROW.

Of Gentlemanly Manners but Extremely Suspicious.

The crow has fine manners. He always has the air and walk of a lord of the soil. One morning I put out some fresh meat on the snow near my study window. Presently a crow came along and carried it off and lighted with it on the ground in the vineyard. While he was eating of it another crow came, and alighting a few yards away slowly walked up to within a few feet of his fellow and stopped. I expected to see a struggle over the food, as would have been the case with domestic fowls or animals. Nothing of the kind. The feeding crow stopped eating, regarded the other for a moment, made a gesture or two, and flew away. Then the second crow went up to the food and proceeded to take his share. Presently the first crow came back, when each seized a portion of the food and flew away with it. Their mutual respect and good will seemed perfect. Whether it really was so in our human sense or whether it was merely an illustration of the instinct of mutual support which seems to prevail among gregarious birds I know not. Birds that are solitary in their habits, like hawks or woodpeckers, behave quite differently to one another in the presence of their food.

The lives of wild creatures revolve about two facts or emotions, appetite and fear. Their keenness in discovering food and in discovering danger are alike remarkable. But man can always outwit them. Because, while his perceptions are not so sharp, his power of reflection is much greater. His cunning carries a great deal further. The crow will quickly discover anything that looks like a trap or snare set to catch him, but it takes him a long time to see through the simplest contrivance. As I have stated, I sometimes place meat on the snow in front of my study window to attract him.

On one occasion, after a couple of crows had come to expect something there daily, I suspended a piece of meat from a string from the branch of a tree just over the spot where I usually placed my food. A crow soon discovered it, and came into the tree to see what it meant. His suspicions were aroused. There was some design in that piece of suspended meat. Evidently it was a trap to catch him. He surveyed it from every near branch. He pecked and pryed and was bent on penetrating the mystery. He flew to the ground and walked about and surveyed it from all sides. Then he took a long walk about the vineyard, as if in the hope of hitting upon some clue. Then he came to the tree again and tried first one eye and then the other upon it; then to the ground underneath; then he went away and came back; then his fellow came, and they both squinted and investigated and then disappeared. Chickadees and woodpeckers might light upon the bit of meat and peck at it swinging in the wind, but the crows are more fearful. Does this show reflection? Perhaps it does, but I look upon it rather as that instinct of fear and cunning so characteristic of the crow.

Two days passed thus; every morning the crows came and surveyed the suspended meat from all points in the tree and then went away. The third day I placed a large bone on the snow beneath the suspended morsel. Presently one of the crows appeared in the tree and bent his eye upon the tempting bone. "The mystery deepens," he seemed to say to himself. But after an hour's investigation and after approaching several times within a few feet of the food upon the ground, he seemed to conclude that there was no connection between it and the piece hanging by the string. So he finally walked up to it and fell to picking it, flapping his wings all the time as a sign of his watchfulness. He also turned up his eye momentarily to the piece in the air above, as if it might be a sword of Damocles, ready to fall upon him.

Soon his mate came and alighted upon a low branch of the tree. The feeding crow regarded him a moment, and then flew up to his side, as if to give him a turn at the meat. But he refused to run the risk. He evidently looked upon the whole thing as a delusion and a snare and presently went away and his mate followed him. Then I placed the bone in one of the main forks of the tree, but the crows kept a safe distance from it. Then I put it back on the ground; but they grew more and more suspicious. Some evil intent in it all, they thought. Finally a dog carried off the bone, and the crows ceased to visit the tree.—Century Magazine.

"Children! Children!" cried Mrs. Goodwife, rushing into the nursery where her youngsters, arrayed in paper hats, were marching round with drums and tin pans and making a terrible din, "For gracious sake, stop! don't you know this is Sunday, and you mustn't play on the Lord's day?"

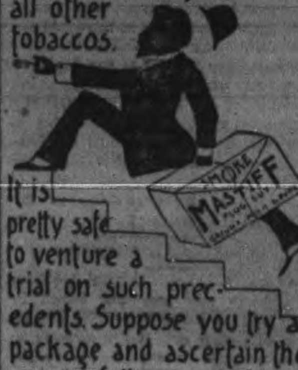
"That's all right, mamma," replied Captain Tommy, "this is the soldiers goin' to church, you know!"

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles.

Symptoms—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. Swayne's Ointment stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists or by mail, for 50 cts. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia. Lyman Sons & Co., Montreal, Wholesale Agents. ttsdw

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Hundreds of thousands of smokers are now using MASTIFF Plug Cut, preferring it to all other tobaccos.



It is pretty safe to venture a trial on such precedents. Suppose you try a package and ascertain the cause of its popularity.

J. B. PACE TOBACCO CO., Richmond, Va., and Montreal.

is now for sale everywhere in the United States and Canada, as its use as a table beverage, in place of Tea, Coffee or Cocoa, has become quite universal. It Nourishes and Strengthens. If served iced, during warm weather, it is most Delicious and Invigorating.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR CHOCOLAT MENIER. Annual Sales Exceed 33 Million Pounds.	If he hasn't it on sale, send his name and your address to Menier, Canadian Branch, No. 14 St. John Street, Montreal, Que.

RUPTURE More CURES have been effected by my Trusses, with perfect ease to wearer, than by all other devices combined. They retain largest Rupture under severest strain. A system of fitting has been perfected the last 25 years, fully equal to personal examination by mail. 27 patents. DEFORMITY. Illustrated book free. CHARLES CLUTHE, 134 King St. W., Toronto.

Notice to Water Consumers.

The attention of Consumers of Water supplied from the City Water Works is hereby drawn to sections 12 and 20 of the "Waterworks Regulation By-law, 1894," which provides that from the 15th day of April to the 15th day of September, both inclusive, in each year, no consumer of the water of the said Waterworks shall use such water for irrigating, except on the respective days hereinafter mentioned, namely:

In North Ward, on Mondays and Thursdays.

In Central Ward, on Tuesdays and Fridays, and

In South Ward, on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

If water is used for watering lawns or gardens at other than the time hereinbefore specified there shall be charged fifty cents additional for each infraction.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office, Victoria, B. C., June 15th, 1894.

NOTICE.

The Public Library and Reading Room, City Hall, will be closed during repairs until further notice.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

City Clerk's office, Victoria, B. C., April 28, 1894.

Simpson, Strickland & Co

DARTMOUTH, ENGLAND,

Engineers, Yacht & Launch Builders

SOLE MAKERS OF

Kingdon's Patent Machinery,

—FOR—

STEAM LAUNCHES, ELECTRIC LIGHT and AGRICULTURAL PURPOSES.

We build and completely equip First-class Launches of all descriptions for Lake, Sea, River and shallow draught work.

OUR SPECIALTIES ARE

First in Economy, Power, Speed and Lightness.

The materials and the workmanship are the best.

Write for catalogue and price list.

NOTICE.

In the matter of the estate of Donald Urquhart, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that all persons indebted to or having claims against the above estate are to make payment to or application for payment as the case may be to the undersigned.

Dated 19th June, 1894.

S. PERRY MILLS,
46 Langley Street, Victoria,
Solicitor for Alexander Urquhart the executor. j19-1m

TO THE ELECTORS —OF— Victoria City Electoral District.

Gentlemen:—The general election now being near at hand, and being a candidate for re-election, I wish to place my views on some of the questions commanding your attention, as well as to intimate the line of action which I shall take and the measures which I shall, if opportunity permits, support and maintain.

The party now in power have practically held office for over eleven years. Their policy has been an indefinite one on many of the questions requiring consideration. At the last general election the Opposition advocated reform in the land laws of the province, and have been able to make some important changes.

The privilege of allowing speculators and non-residents to take up large tracts of land has been taken away and the lands are now available for actual settlers.

By the efforts of the Opposition the assessment of the wild land has been much increased; the ad valorem principle of assessment according to the land value, is now the law.

There are two essential matters yet to be carried out in connection with the encouraging of agricultural settlers. First, the surveying of available lands for such a purpose and giving the necessary information by the Lands and Works Department; second, the making of roads to such settlements, so that the farmer may be able to bring his produce to market—such a policy as this must be adopted in order to develop and encourage the farming industry of our province. By so doing we shall add much to our wealth and prosperity.

The railway policy of the Government has not been a business-like one. From the time of the grant given to the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway down to the Nakusp & Slocan deal, the interests of the province and the welfare of the people have not been well guarded. On the one hand a corporation receives a large subsidy and an immense tract of land, free from taxation for ever; on the other, a private company is subsidised by guaranteeing the bonds to the full cost of the road as well as interest on the same for twenty-five years. One cannot but come to the conclusion that a Government policy of such character is likely to bring the credit of the province into disrepute.

Monopolies of any kind are to be deplored, but monopolies backed by Government aid and support are often the most difficult to overcome. Government aid to such an extent as has been given in the instances referred to, precludes other roads from being assisted or built. As an instance of this we recognize the difficulty the British Pacific Railway will have in dealing with the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway and its existing rights. Thus by the action of the present Government in the past it looks as if the province were at the mercy of [illegible] and monopolists who are despoiling the people of their heritage.

I am opposed to the executive using its power to make large appropriations of money by special warrant for roads, streets, bridges, and public works, without first submitting such to the legislature. Such a course of action leads to favoritism and corruption and is not in accord with the principles of constitutional government.

I have advocated, and will continue to do so, the reduction of taxation on improvements and the abolition of taxes on mortgages. The latter impost presses doubly hard upon the borrower, and the repeal of this law would be in the interest and for the advancement of the province.

The practice followed on the eve of a general election of promising aid to public works and institutions by members of the executive should be condemned, as it is attempting to bribe the electors with their own money. The independent electors should answer this by sending men to the Legislature who will do their utmost to remove such ministers from power.

During the past four years legislation has been brought about, chiefly by the Opposition, in reforming the School Law. The residents of the cities have now greater power over the management of their schools, and more is yet desired in this particular. I shall use my best endeavors to bring this about, so that our schools may be free of all political influences.

I have also advocated further restriction on Chinese immigration and the employment of Chinese by any company seeking charters or grants from the Legislature. I have advocated and still maintain that a clause should be inserted in all bills giving such privileges or aid to prevent the employment of this class of labor.

I also have advocated the necessity of employing residents of the province instead of non-residents or foreigners in the prosecution of all works or contracts let by the government.

It is impossible in an address of this kind to touch on all questions affecting the province. I hope, however, before long to have the opportunity of addressing the electors in public meeting, at which time I will refer to matters more extensively.

Hoping that my past record as a representative in the Local Legislature has been acceptable to you, I again seek your votes and support.

I remain, yours respectfully,

G. L. MILNE.

TO THE ELECTORS —OF— Victoria City Electoral District.

Gentlemen—As a candidate in the coming contest for legislative honors, and particularly as a labor candidate, I take this method of expressing some of the views I hold relating to the good government of the province.

I believe that heretofore, although workingmen have assisted largely in electing representatives to the legislature and parliament, their interests have not, generally speaking, been advanced or guarded; but on the contrary laws have been enacted whereby the greater burden of taxation has been placed upon the shoulders of the workingman, and monopolies have been fostered to the detriment of their interests and the country at large. Too many professional men and capitalists have made or influenced the making of our laws, and I believe that a remedy may be applied by workingmen being represented in the councils of our land by men from their own ranks—men who are not only in sympathy with them, but who are in touch with their necessities.

I believe that every man is entitled to an equitable share of what his labor produces; also that enterprise and ability to organize and direct labor to the accomplishment of large undertakings deserves special consideration, but not to the extent that it is often accorded by the governments of the present day.

I would advocate a reduction in the hours of labor, and consider an eight hour law should be established by the government and enforced on all government work.

Also the establishment of a provincial labor bureau for the purpose of gathering reliable information on the labor situation, so that intending immigrants may be made fully acquainted with the true state of the labor market in the province.

I believe that as a class the Chinese are injurious to the province, as they undoubtedly ridicule our religion and laws; introduce loathsome diseases and demoralizing habits; they trade exclusively among themselves and send what wealth they may acquire from our province to enrich their own empire. I believe the government should make every effort to lessen the evil which is the result of the presence of Coolie labor, and in the absence of laws similar to those in force in Australia, our government should, when granting privileges to companies and corporations, insist on a clause in the charters granted prohibiting the employment of Asiatic labor by such corporations or companies.

I advocate a liberal railway policy, feeling sure that we must have three most important highways to assist in developing the many latent resources of the province; but am opposed to the granting of monopolies in land for speculative purposes to companies to the exclusion of settlers.

I also believe that all religious questions should be kept out of our schools, being confident that the numerous religious institutions are quite capable of dealing with that matter.

I will more fully express my views on these questions at public meetings to be held. Hoping you can see your way clear to give me your support at the polls, I am, Yours respectfully,

ARTHUR H. DUTTON.

TO THE ELECTORS —OF— Victoria City Electoral District.

Gentlemen:—As I am a candidate to represent you in the Provincial Legislature, I wish to give my views on some of the important questions of the day.

I hold that each man is entitled to all his labor produces; therefore, no tax should be levied on the products of labor.

The road tax, the provincial revenue tax, personal property tax, mortgage tax, taxes on improvements, and all taxes on useful trades and industries are unjust and should be abolished.

To carry out these principles, I am in favor of raising all public revenues for provincial and municipal purposes by a tax upon land values, irrespective of improvements.

This tax would lower rents, raise wages, encourage industry, equalize opportunities, and thereby benefit all.

The present electoral system gives unequal representation, and calls for legislative reform.

The monetary deposit now required from candidates for the provincial legislature should be abolished.

I am in favor of passing laws to exclude Asiatic labor from government works and prohibiting any further Asiatic immigration. When Chinese labor can be excluded from any works, by inserting clauses to that effect in charters and grants, it should be done.

I advocate a reduction in the hours of labor; an eight hour law should be established by the government and enforced on all government works.

I am in favor of establishing a Small Debts Court, to enable merchants and others to collect accounts with as little loss of time and money as possible.

I am an independent supporter of the opposition, because I feel they are inclined to go farthest in the direction of the reforms which I advocate; at the same time I wish it distinctly understood I am for measures and not for men.

As canvassing by a candidate is, in my opinion, contrary to the spirit of the ballot, it is not my intention to personally ask for votes. Trusting you may deem me a fit and proper person to represent you in the legislature, I hereby earnestly solicit your votes and influence. Faithfully yours,

W. G. CAMERON.

TENDERS WANTED.

City of Victoria, British Columbia

TENDER FOR DEBENTURES.

Sealed tenders endorsed "Tenders for Debentures" will be received at the office of the undersigned up to 4 p.m., on the 1st day of August, 1894, for the purchase of debentures of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, B. C., amounting to $35,000, or its sterling equivalent at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound sterling, in sums of $1,000, or its sterling equivalent as aforesaid, payable in fifty years from the 1st of August, 1894, and bearing interest from that date at the rate of four and one-half per cent. per annum, payable half yearly with principal and interest payable as aforesaid at the office of the Bank of British North America either in London, England; New York, U. S. A., or Montreal, Canada.

The Corporation reserves to itself the right to redeem and purchase these debentures on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof, at any time after twenty-five years form the date of issuance of such debentures.

The tenderer must state the price net at Victoria which he will pay.

In addition to the net price the purchaser will have to pay the Corporation the interest at four and one-half per cent. from the 1st of August, 1894, to whatever date the money is received by the City Treasurer.

The above debentures are issued under authority of "The Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital Aid By-law, 1894," with principal and interest secured by a rate on all ratable land and improvements in the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, City Clerk.

City Clerk's office, Victoria, B. C., June 8th, 1894.

DO YOU WANT

To get a situation
To hire help
To let a room
To let a house
To buy anything
To sell anything

Then Try a "Times Liner,"

ONE CENT

Per word each insertion.

Aluminum Alloy Composite

HAS GIVEN ENTIRE SATISFACTION TO

Iron, Steel and Brass Founders.

2 1-2 per cent. added to mixtures of cheap, low-grade metals gives 50 per cent. increased strength, makes hard metal soft, sound, and non crystallising, prevents blowholes and sponginess.

Aluminum Alloy unites copper with iron and lead, with iron and copper, heretofore considered an impossibility.

Price, $5 per 100-pound box. $28 per barrel of 700 pounds, or $80 per ton.

Book containing government official report of tests made at Rock Island arsenal and other indisputable testimonials from foundrymen, sent free upon application.

The Hatsfield Furnace and Refining Co Newport, Ky.

City of Victoria, British Columbia

TENDER FOR DEBENTURES.

Sealed tenders endorsed "Tenders for Debentures" will be received at the office of the undersigned up to 4 p.m., on the 1st day of August, 1894, for the purchase of debentures of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, B. C., amounting to $25,000 or its sterling equivalent at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound setrling, in sums of $1,000, or its sterling equivalent as aforesaid, payable in fifty years from the 1st of August, 1894, and bearing interest from that date at the rate of four and one-half per cent. per annum, payable half yearly with principal and interest payable as aforesaid at the office of the Bank of British North America either in London, England; New York, U. S. A., or Montreal, Canada.

The Corporation reserves to itself the right to redeem and purchase these debentures on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof, at any time after twenty-five years form the date of issuance of such debentures.

The tenderer must state the price net at Victoria which he will pay.

In addition to the net price the purchaser will have to pay the Corporation the interest at four and one-half per cent. from the 1st of August, 1894, to whatever date the money is received by the City Treasurer.

The above debentures are issued under authority of "The Exhibition Loan By-law, 1894," with principal and interest secured by a rate on all ratable land and improvements in the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, City Clerk.

City Clerk's office, Victoria, B. C., June 8th, 1894.

City of Victoria, British Columbia

TENDER FOR DEBENTURES.

Sealed tenders endorsed "Tenders for Debentures" will be received at the office of the undersigned up to 4 p.m., on the 1st day of August, 1894, for the purchase of debentures of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, B. C., amounting to $100,000, or its sterling equivalent at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound setrling, in sums of $1,000, or its sterling equivalent as aforesaid, payable in fifty years from the 1st of August, 1894, and bearing interest from that date at the rate of four and one-half per cent. per annum, payable half yearly with principal and interest payable as aforesaid at the office of the Bank of British North America either in London, England; New York, U. S. A., or Montreal, Canada.

The Corporation reserves to itself the right to redeem and purchase these debentures on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof, at any time after twenty-five years form the date of issuance of such debentures.

The tenderer must state the price net at Victoria which he will pay.

In addition to the net price the purchaser will have to pay the Corporation the interest at four and one-half per cent. from the 1st of August, 1894, to whatever date the money is received by the City Treasurer.

The above debentures are issued under authority of "The Sewerage Loan By-law, 1894," with principal and interest secured by a rate on all ratable land and improvements in the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, City Clerk.

City Clerk's office, Victoria, B. C., June 8th, 1894.

Real Estate.

TO LEASE—1 farm of 67 acres, 6 miles from city, water front, $150 per year; 1 farm of 100 acres, 9 miles from city with new 8-room house, etc., $250 per year; 1 farm of 100 acres, 20 miles from city, close to Sidney & Victoria Railway, cottage, stable, etc., $200 per year.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for city or suburban property, ranch 320 acres, 14 miles from Calgary, N.W.T.; 2 good roads to property; 265 acres fenced; 30 acres bush; good black soil; Elbow river crosses property; 2 good springs; well settled district; church, school, store, post-office, blacksmith shop, cheese factory, all within 1 and two miles. Price, $2,500.

80 ACRES, PARTLY CLEARED, WITH house and stable, close to railway station, a good chicken and fruit farm; cheap.

THREE LOTS, 60x148 EACH. Splendid position; close to Fowl Bay; good level land; a bargain ($650) or singly $225 each. Postoffice box 361.

A. WILLIAMS,
5 Store Street, Opposite Railway Station

REWARD.

A Reward of One Thousand Dollars ($1,000) will be paid for such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who, on or about the morning of the 18th inst., placed or caused to be placed or exploded, a bomb or other dangerous explosive on or near the residence of Alexander Sharp, at Wellington, in the County of Nanaimo.

Signed,
R. DUNSMUIR & SONS.

Victoria, B.C., March 16, '94.

Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN.)

Removed to 119 Johnson Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Pemberton, Gorge Road.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE, VETERINARY SURGEON, Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. Victoria, B. C.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT. Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe30tf

PHYSICIANS.

DR. ALBERT WILLIAMS. Late of London, Eng. General family and obstetric practice, with special attention to diseases of children and diseases of the chest and stomach. Over twenty-five years' professional experience. Many years a member of the British Homoeopathic Society, British Gynoecological Society and Pathological Society of London. Dr. Williams may be consulted at all hours at his office and residence, 94 Pandora, near Quadra street, city. Telephone 153. ju12-tf

MUSICAL.

GEO. W. FUGGLE, PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER. Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 75 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O. Box 422.

PIANO TUNING—Jas. Sheridan, room 7, Moody Block, cor. Yates and Broad Sts., under Imperial Photograph Gallery.

SCAVENGERS

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY. The Hall of the above society, in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS. Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited. fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. ja19 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy25 J. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH Chapter, No. 120, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions are cordially invited. R. H. SWINERTON. Scribe E.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. oc9 E. PFERDNER, K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join. E. C. SMITH, Secretary.

QUEEN'S MARKET, L. GOODACRE. Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON, PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS. Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 129.

MRS. McGREGOR, MIDWIFE. 137 Cormorant Street.

DENTISTRY.

DR. A. HUMBER, Graduate Philadelphia Dental College, Has opened Dental Parlors at 93 1-2 Douglas street, next door to Odd Fellows' Hall.

DR. A. C. WEST, Surgeon Dentist, Office Rooms 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B.C. Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised, and for which he is the sole licensee for B.C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving is all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

THE Bank Exchange

I beg to inform my friends and patrons that I have enlarged and entirely renovated the above-named well-known resort, and can now justly term it the cosiest and most attractive establishment on the coast. A competent Chef has charge of the kitchen and restaurant, which will be conducted on the German style. The new heating apparatus enables me to serve Merchants' luncheon always hot from 11:30 a.m. till 2:30 p.m. and all night after 6 p.m. at 15 cents. Bill of fare for luncheon includes Soup, Fish, Roast, Stew, and various vegetables, as per daily bulletin board.

Table d'hote from 6 p.m. at 50 cents, including beer or wine. Meals a la carte at all hours day or night.

Three handsome, quiet dining-rooms upstairs, suitable for private and family dinners, served at short notice and reasonable prices.

Direct importer of German Rhine Wines, French and California Clarets, Champagnes, Gilka, Kimmel, Bavarian, Carlsruher, Danish and Swedish Beer, etc.

Now on the way from Berlin, Germany, one of the Noc Plus Ultra Concertinas, which proves such an attraction at the World's Fair.

G. C. SAUER.

may23-tf

Notice to Builders.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to Monday, 4 p.m., 25th inst., for the erection and completion of Masonic Temple, facing Front street, Nanaimo.

Lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

Bonds in full amount of contract will be required.

JNO. TEAGUE, Architect.

j18-td (Colonist copy.)

AMUSEMENTS.

Farmers' Picnic

SOUTH SAANICH.

The annual picnic will be held in the Agricultural Park on

MONDAY, 2ND JULY,

Beginning at 10 o'clock a.m. Lunch will be provided at 50c. Dancing and games; good music.

Admission free and everyone is invited.

Grand Odd Fellows'

EXCURSION AND PICNIC

—TO—

SIDNEY!

BY THE C. O. O. F., ON

SATURDAY, JUNE 23rd, 1894.

Trains will leave Topaz avenue for Sidney at 10 a.m. and 2 p.m. Returning, leave Sidney for Victoria at 7 p.m. and 9 p.m.

FARE FOR ROUND TRIP 60c.

Dancing afternoon and evening free. A good String Band in attendance. Foot racing, games, baseball, etc. Tickets for sale from the committee and at the train. 3t

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A properly qualified nursery governess willing to assist with household work. Apply X.Y.Z., Times office. j19-1w

WANTED—Pushing canvasser of good address. Liberal salary and expenses paid weekly; permanent position. Brown Bros., Co., Nurserymen, Portland, Ore. m7-3m

FOR SALE.

CARRIAGE HORSE AND DOG CART for sale. J. W. Mellor. j19

SIXTEEN FOOT SAIL BOAT, nearly new, for sale. Mellor, Fort St., above Douglas.

FOR SALE—$100—The furniture of 5 rooms; four-roomed cottage to-let, rent moderate. Apply W. J. Dwyer, cor. Cook and North Park Streets. j16-2w

FOR SALE—The staunch little schooner Hesperus, register 20 tons. Apply Wm. Turpel's shipyard. j2-1m

FOR SALE OR TO LET—An Ennis & Co., Piano on easy terms. Apply 42 John St., Rock Bay. m31-1m

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A flat of eight furnished rooms. For particulars enquire at 13 Trounce avenue. a29-tf

TO LET.

PIANOS—To let. 76 Princess Ave. 6-15-2w

TWO STORY HOUSE with garden to let—Ten minutes' walk from postoffice; would furnish for a good tenant. For particulars address P. O. box 595. jun8-tf

ONE OR TWO first-class bedrooms to let and housekeeping accommodation for married couple. Miss McCandlish's, 63 Superior street, James Bay.

TO LET OR LEASE—The American Hotel, 20 rooms and saloon license, bar and bar-fixtures complete; central location. Apply 16 Trounce avenue or Burnes House.

TO RENT—Five room, well furnished cottage, desirable location, with large garden; rent $25. Apply at Clarence Hotel.

TO LET OR LEASE—Hotel with 20 rooms and saloon license, bar and bar-fixtures complete; central location. Apply 16 Trounce avenue. j3-tf

MISCELLANEOUS

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS—Tenders wanted for the delivery of Haddington Island stone from the Haddington Island quarry to the wharf, James Bay; price per cubic yard quarry measure. Tenders to be addressed to the office of the works not later than 4 o'clock p.m., Friday, June 22. Frederick Adams. 2t

WANTED—Pony and phaeton; must be cheap for cash; state price and where to be seen. P. O. Draw 56. j19-3t

VICTORIA COLLEGE,

BEACON HILL PARK.

(LATE CORRIG COLLEGE.)

The Leading Day and Boarding College for Boys north of San Francisco. Modern and fully equipped college buildings, fronting on the Park and Straits.

First-class Teaching Faculty—British University Graduates, University, Professional, Commercial and Modern Courses.

Reasonable fees. Cricket, football, swimming, athletics, etc. For spring term entrance apply

PRINCIPAL J. W. CHURCH, M.A.

fe13 s,m,t&w 1y]

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital

INCORPORATED 1890.

The fourth annual meeting of the DONORS and SUBSCRIBERS to the institution will be held at the City Hall on Friday, the 29th June, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. Business: Receiving the annual report of the president and directors and the treasurer's statement for the year ending 1st June, likewise the election of directors.

In accordance with the Act of Incorporation the following six directors retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election: J. S. Yates, E. C. Baker, Alexander Wilson, Chas. Hayward, H. Helmcken and William C. Ward.

In accordance with the Act of Incorporation the following six directors were re-elected at the annual meeting on 20th June, last year, for a term of two years, and are therefore still in office: George Byrnes, Joshua Davies, William M. Chudley, A. C. Flumerfelt, E. B. Gregory and R. A. McQuade.

All DONORS of money and SUBSCRIBERS are eligible to vote for the election of directors.

H. M. YATES, Secretary.

Care Yates & Jay, Bastion street. Victoria, B.C., 11th June, 1894.

P.S.—According to the new act of the local parliament DONORS and SUBSCRIBERS can vote for four members only; the City Council nominate five (5), the local government three (3), and the French Benevolent Society three (3), making a total of fifteen directors.

JOSEPH SEARS, Painter, Glazier, Paper Hanger

Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Glass, Etc.

114 Yates Street.

F. D. WALKER

Commercial and Financial Broker,

P.O. BOX 66. 44 GOVT. ST.

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the

Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited;

At No. 87 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:

Delivered by carrier in any part of the city per week.......25 cts

By mail to any part of the world, per year.......$10.00

THE WEEKLY TIMES

is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States or Great Britain for $2 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., one cent per word per insertion.

NOTICES of Births, Marriages and Deaths free. Deaths with funeral announcements, $1.50.

SPECIAL NOTICES, set in minion (the type used for general reading) and placed in reading columns, 25c. a line for first insertion and 12 1-2 cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12 1-2 cents for first insertion and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.

Address

THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,

WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager

TO THE SUBSCRIBERS.

When you wish to have your address changed, please give former as well as new address.

The Daily Times.

THE PREMIER AND THE LETTER

The faithful organ makes the usual attempt to defend the premier in respect to the Westminster meeting and the letter from the Canada Western solicitors. In doing so it quotes such passages as suits its purpose, utterly ignoring the report of the government organ in Westminster, which thus described the incident: "Mr. Davie then proved Mr. Brown in a deliberate lie in an assertion that a letter was read in the house, which, after a long while, the deceased member was unable to find." If we assume that the News was guilty of deliberately misrepresenting what was said, and that it is not correct to say that Mr. Davie directly denied the reading of the letter in the house, still the premier is not freed from the charge of dishonesty. On this point we may quote again from the Columbian, recommending attention on the part of our worthy neighbor. In Tuesday's issue the Columbian says:

Everyone will remember the dishonest, shyster trick that Premier Davie, in masterly pettifogging style, tried to play on Mr. Brown and the public meeting, on Tuesday night last in the opera house. We refer, of course, to the premier's action, when put in an uncomfortable corner by Mr. Brown on the Canada Western scheme, in trying to get out of that corner by the desperate and unscrupulous expedient of inferentially denying the existence of a public document mentioned by Mr. Brown—viz., a letter from the attorneys of the Canada Western to the government—by boldly and blatantly thrusting into Mr. Brown's face, while the latter was speaking, a copy of the journals of the house which should have contained the letter in question, as Mr. Davie said, but which letter he knew had been carefully suppressed!—which guilty knowledge was the secret of his blatant boldness.

"The "campaign sheet," of course, considered this flagrant and petty piece of dishonesty and unscrupulousness by its head muster a rare and clever instance of statecraft, and, in its usually chaste style, reported the incident thus: "Mr. Davie then proved Mr. Brown in a deliberate lie in an assertion that a letter was read in the house, which, after a long while, the deceased member was unable to find." Mr. Brown was, as the public now know, right, when he said, speaking from memory, that such a letter had been read in the house; for, although the premier took the high-handed liberty of suppressing this important document, which belongs to the public, and even tried to deny its existence, we were able to obtain possession of an authentic copy of it, a few days after the meeting, and reproduced therefrom, in these columns, some of the most important paragraphs, completely confirming all Mr. Brown's statements at the meeting, with regard to the Canada Western, and putting the government, and Mr. Davie particularly, in a most unenviable position.

Why did Mr. Davie challenge Mr. Brown to read the letter from the journals when he knew it was not there? We do not know, unless it was because he wanted to create the impression that no such letter had been read. The Colonist will hardly deny that he did thus challenge Mr. Brown, for it is very definitely stated that he did so. The premier can hardly be acquitted until he satisfactorily explains that proceeding.

THE MYSTERY OF THE SITE.

The majority of the council yesterday took a very strange course in regard to the selection of a site for the electric light station. Aldermen Baker, Styles, Harris, Ledingham and Wilson voted for the purchase of the most expensive site in the lot offered, and are thus striving to throw away at least some of the people's money on a work that promised to be executed with reasonable economy. There is a good deal of unfavorable comment on their action; to speak frankly, many people openly express suspicion of rank jobbery and favoritism. The mystery is particularly deep in the case of Ald. Wilson, who has within the past few days in more than one private conversation given his opinion as against the purchase of the Nuttall lots. In respect of position, the site is perhaps the most equitable offered, but there are most grave objections to it. The price is one of these, and the nature of the surface is another. When the council has paid $12,300 for the lots and another $5,000 for preparing them to build upon, a heavy percentage of the money raised by the by-law will have been expended, leaving the cost of building, machinery, wire, lamps, etc., to be met. Then there is the strange fact that the lots for which the council has decided to pay $12,300 are assessed for only $6,000, which is the price paid by Mr. Nuttall some two or three years ago. Even if there had not been other better sites offered, the council should have refused to pay Mr. Nuttall a price which is evidently far above the value of the lots for the particular purpose in view, and which leaves so formidable a hole in the sum available for the work. How did Mr. Tolmie, the agent of the property, persuade the five aldermen into the perpetration of this job? Did he hypnotize them?

EDITORIAL NOTES.

"At the Presbyterian General Assembly an overture was presented, signed by about half the assembly, seeking co-operation with other churches in pressing on the government to remove the restrictions on Chinese immigration. A committee was appointed to carry out the prayer of the overture. The moderator spoke of the Chinese, showing that many ideas regarding them are very wrong. Not one objection had he heard raised to Americans and Canadians while in Formosa. The question is simply one of right. He regretted with deep sorrow that Canada should pass such a law. The overture was passed by a standing vote." The gentlemen of the general assembly mean well, but they are entirely misled by sentiment. It is so far comforting to know that their efforts will not succeed in removing the tax on Chinese immigrants and so bringing on this country a calamity, but they may be effective along with other agencies in preventing further restriction.

Nelson Tribune: In a long review of the political issues of the present campaign in this province, the Victoria Colonist, Premier Davie's personal organ, says: "No other province in Canada, and perhaps in no other country in the world, with so many drawbacks, has succeeded so well, and all honor is due to those pioneer statesmen that they laid the foundations of a commonwealth so surely and well, preserved the balances of revenue and expenditure and kept out of debt. Judged by the standard of practical government, they fully understood the needs and opportunities of their provinces and adapted their measures to the conditions as they found them and as they were likely to develop." Judging by the "standard of practical government," to use the Colonist's own words, the statesmen who have been managing the province's affairs in recent years have pursued a diametrically opposite policy to those pioneer statesmen. For is not the balance on the wrong side of the ledger, so much that the per capita indebtedness of the province is greater than that of any other province in the Dominion; yea, even greater than that of any other English-speaking country in the world?

SNAKE SKINS AS NECKTIES.

The Cuticle of a 30-Year-Old Now a Part of Correct Neckwear.

Just several shades removed from the chameleon fad is that of wearing snake-skins for neckties, but the fashion is growing in Baltimore. It promises to become quite the proper caper to be seen in immaculate morning suit of the latest London cut, with the tanned cuticle of a three-foot reptile neatly tied around the snowy "choker," or whatever other style of linen neckwear happens to be the rage. The fad will never become generally violent, says the New York Recorder, for fine snake skins come high, and the crop may thin out so as to let the West Virginians, who make a business of catching the possessors of variegated outer coverings, create a corner in the market and coin a fortune. To be in the swim nowadays and have the swagger thing in neckties a Baltimore man must not only wear a snake skin but the cuticle of a "rattler" of about 30 years of age. The peculiar color of the rattler, when he has passed in his checks and gone to snake celestial spheres, is what makes the skin more valuable than when his fangs are still doing the poison business at the old stand.

The necktie must be that of a snake of age, standing and family, for a young scion of the house of rattler doesn't seem to possess all the qualifications as to color and durability of hide the head of the house can lay claim to. Presumably it's because a snake of three decades or so has been through about all the different kinds of dissipation known to the reptile world, and his physical hide is cognisant of no more compunction than his moral nature. Then an old rattler is generally larger than a young chap, and a tie about a yard in length is bound to bring more in the market than a whipper-snapper snake could show before he reaches his majority. No other kind of snake indigenous to this section of the country would answer the purpose half as well as the rattler, because but few varieties attain his length and Falstaffian girth, except the copperhead and black snake, and their colors, while brilliant enough during life, are not of the right shade after the tanner has had his innings. A copperhead snake assumes too much of a dull brown to harmonize with odd ideas in neckwear, and the black fellow—well, his hide might answer for a seedy individual's mourning tie, but nothing else. The rattler's color when all the fight has been taken out of him and his remains have been subjected to the process that prepares them for men's furnishing use, is something of the very dull gold or ecru order. The black rings show distinctly and they lend the odd effects that have so captivated the swells. Then, when a back and lining have been put on the skin, the tie is ready for use, and they are worth an even $3 any day, counting $2.50 for the skin, which is an average price of a rattler of 30 years' standing, including all the trouble the catcher and the tanner combined have had to take.

CANADIAN NEWS.

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

James Cooney, a Grand Trunk brakeman, living in Hamilton, fell from a train at Guelph and was instantly killed.

Fourteen clergymen of other denominations have applied to the general assembly of the Presbyterian church for admission.

At Hepworth the shingle and planing mill owned by James Hawley and leased by William Foster was burned, together with Hawley's dwelling.

The directors of the Bell Telephone Company, acting upon the power conferred upon them by the shareholders at the last annual meeting, have decided to increase the capital of the company from $2,940,000 to $3,168,000.

At a meeting of the Society for the Protection of Women and Children in Montreal, it was resolved to apply to the legislature to make a law for the prevention of cruelty and better protection of children similar to that in force in Ontario.

At a meeting of the corporation of Trinity university the resignation of Provost Body, who goes to take a position in the New York Theological Seminary, was formally accepted and a committee appointed to consider the filling of the vacancy.

A short time ago gold ore was found on a farm in Pittsburg township. A sample was sent to Toronto to be assayed, and the report was that the percentage of gold was at the rate of $38 to the ton. An English agent is now looking at the mine.

At the session of the Toronto Methodist conference the resignation of Rev. Paul Flint, late pastor of Zion Methodist church, was tendered on the ground that he was not in accord with the Methodist church upon the doctrine of the divinity of Christ and divine guidance. It was accepted. Flint has not yet attached himself to any other denomination.

Dr. McEachren, chief veterinary inspector, appeared before the committee on agriculture at Ottawa and explained his connection with the Walrond ranch company and the efforts made by him to show that no pleuro-pneumonia existed in Canada. He said the Walrond company intended going out of the business and if the committee would recommend his permanent attachment to the department he would sever his connection with the company. A sub-committee was appointed to deal with the proposition.

LIFE IN CHINA.

A Story of a Murder and the Victim's Post-Mortem Revenge.

The Shaoshing correspondent of the Shanghai Mercury writes:

"How great a matter a little fire kindleth," is daily verified amongst this people amidst whom we dwell. A poor fellow, who used to get his living by selling those "greasy twists," which you doubtless have seen the Chinese eating with great gusto in the tea shops and on the streets, and which, to the natives, are as relishable as a ham sandwich is to a foreigner, went to the shop where he used to get his twists and cakes on trust, and requested the shop-keeper, who is called Ah-king, to let him have a further supply. The shop-keeper refused, saying "You owe more than two dollars for twists now; pay me what thou owest first, then I will trust you with more." The man, perceiving that his credit was gone, went off to another cake-shop and got a good supply of this oily article, and returned to Ah-king's shop, boasting loudly of the confidence that the other shop keeper had in his honesty, etc. Ah-king went to this said shop and told the master not to trust the "twist-seller" in future, that he was a dishonest wretch, etc., etc. Soon after this the hawker of twists going again to get "tick" at the shop of his new creditor, this latter refused to "run up the score" any further.

The twist-seller at once perceived who had destroyed his credit, and forthwith hurried to a wine-shop and filled himself with "shaotsui," or, what the foreigners in the port call "samshu." Being fired with this fury-producing spirit, he hastened to the shop of Ah-king, and with wildest rage and foulest invective, he began leaping and cursing only as an angry Chinaman can leap and curse. So long as he kept outside Ah-king suppressed his vengeful feelings; but as soon as the twist-seller rushed upon Ah-king's goods and chattels and began destroying them, the latter precipitated himself upon the hawker, and threw him on the ground. The hawker got hold of three of the shop-keeper's fingers and bit them nearly off before any one interfered to part them. Now the shop-keeper lost all control of himself and got hold of a big brick and battered the poor hawker till some bystander said the latter was killed. The hawker was conveyed home, but, "feeling himself going," Chinese-like he crawled to the shop of Ah-king to die there, in order to be "avenged on his enemy." Ah-king was still full of basely beastly rage; nay, it is a libel on one noble beast at least to call this man's "beastly rage," for "the lion is content to fell his foe." The shop-keeper again rushed out of his shop, and with a heavy Chinese nailed-boot, beat the little life that remained out of the poor twist-seller. The lookers-on declared he was dead. "Throw some cold water on him," shouted Ah-king, the murderer; "he is only pretending to be dead!" It was, alas, too late; the poor hawker knew well he was near death when he crept to the shop of his enemy.

The hawker and his five brothers acted on this belief when the dying man crept to the door of his murderer. The public sentiment favored them, and, girding themselves up as you have seen natives do in such cases, for the battle, and helped with some rowdy friends, they made an onslaught upon Ah-king's shop, goods and household stuff, and left him with nothing but his life and hate, and dread of being dragged off to the yamen and left to die in the murderer's dungeon there. His friends at last interposed, and four hundred dollars must be paid to the brothers, and eighty to the yamen runners; these last to be paid first! Ah-king had to pawn, or sell as slaves, his two nice daughters for three hundred dollars in order to provide the sum demanded (they are now in the possession of the Hu family). The other one hundred and eighty was made up by friends and loans. The man is completely ruined; his business wrecked, his family degraded, and he has the stain of a murderer's blood upon his conscience, he is guilty of battering a poor hawker's life out of him! This, all through a word spoken to a friendly and fellow shop-keeper.

AN ELEGANT SWINDLER.

He Charmed Two People Out of a Hundred Thousand Dollars.

Two wealthy persons, a husband and wife, who live in Paris, have been egregiously deluded by a magnificent adventurer, who called himself a Boyard. Ten months since the effulgent magnate from eastern Europe was introduced to the couple by a common friend. They were enchanted by his grace of manner and interesting conversation, and they deemed themselves highly honored by his acquaintance. As time rolled this acquaintance ripened into friendship, and the brilliant Boyard condescended to borrow a trifle from his Parisian admirers. He next informed them that he was about to be married to a great Muscovite princess, who had a dowry of $400,000 cash down and property—worth millions—not accurately specified in amount. On the strength of these representations the husband and wife advanced more money to the Boyard, who took them to see the Paris residence which he had prepared in view of his approaching marriage. There they beheld heaps of jewelry, services in old silver, domestics with powdered heads, and everything denoting grandeur and opulence. Their confidence in the magnate was further strengthened when he informed his lady friend that her husband would be his chief witness at the wedding and that she herself would walk to the altar of the church leaning on the arm of one of the most distinguished officers of the Russian imperial household. The lady at once ordered four splendid dresses and with her husband set out for Nice, where the wedding ceremony was to take place, and whither the Boyard had gone before them. All this time the couple were supplying their illustrious friend with money, and when they arrived at Nice they had further disbursements to make in his favor. They paid his hotel bills and they gave him funds for the hiring of a special suite of rooms for the bride. To their surprise the Russian princess whom their friend was to marry seemed to delay her arrival in a most extraordinary manner, and, pending her arrival, the Boyard was enjoying himself at their expense in different places along the Riviera between Nizza la Bella and Genova la Superba. At last one day he told them that, owing to the difficulties created in respect to foreign marriages by the French law, the wedding would have to take place in London. There they would be joined by the lovely princess. A start was accordingly made for the British capital, which was reached after a short stay in Brussels. In London the Boyard disappeared, and a legion of creditors from Paris, Brussels, Nice and Monte Carlo came down on the unlucky husband and wife. They have returned to Paris wiser than before and they have placed the affair in the hands of the police. This is the account of the extraordinary case given by the complainants, but nothing has as yet been heard from the Boyard, who is not to be found on the boulevards. It is said that he obtained in all $100,000 from his dupes. —Paris Letter in London Telegraph.

PRO-CHINESE.

The General Assembly Petitioning for Removal of Restrictions.

St. John, N. B., June 20.—At the Presbyterian general assembly an overture was presented, signed by about half the assembly, seeking co-operation with other churches in pressing on the government to remove the restrictions on Chinese immigration. A committee was appointed to carry out the prayer of the overture. The moderator spoke of the Chinese, showing that many ideas regarding them were very wrong. Not one objection had he heard raised to Americans and Canadians while in Formosa. The question is simply one of right. He regretted with deep sorrow that Canada should pass such a law. The overture was passed by a standing vote.

Open for Business.

The Northern Pacific railroad is now open for through traffic to St. Paul and all points east. First through train since the floods will start east to-day.

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Ticket Agent, Victoria, B.C.

Victoria, June 14, 1894.

Tessie—"I like a man with a go to him; don't you?"

Jessie—"Yes; if he takes me."

Heavy Father: "With energy and perseverance every young man can succeed. There's no such word as fail!"

Hopeful Son: "You're right there, Father—it's compromise!"

USE

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT

for Man and Beast!

It quickly cures

Cuts, Burns, Corns, Bruises, Chilblains, Bunions, Cracks between the Toes, Scalds, Piles, Swellings, Ulcers, Stiff Joints, Old Sores, Inflammation of all kinds, Lame Back, Pimples, Rheumatism, Pustules, Caked Breasts, Eruptions, Diseased Tendons, Contracted Muscles, And all Lameness and Soreness.

Langley & Co., Wholesale Agents for B.C.

To the Electors of Victoria: See Our Special Line of WALL PAPERS, then vote J. W. MELLOR, Fort Street, Above Douglas.

Hire's Root Beer

One Package makes five gallons of a delicious beverage.

25 Cents a Package.

COCHRANE & MUNN, Prescription Druggists, Cor. Yates and Douglas Streets.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Shaving 10c. 101 Douglas street. *

—Garden Hose at McLennan & McFeely's. *

—Fine fishing rods and tackle at Fox's, 78 Government street. *

—Victoria lodge, No. 17, K. of P., will hold a meeting this evening.

—Griffith's "Faust" will appear here on Friday and Saturday, June 29 and 30.

—This week 25 cents will buy a 50 cent hat at Partridge's, 86 Yates street.

—The Y. M. I. delegates to the grand council leave to-morrow for California to attend the grand council.

—The young people of Cedar Hill will have their annual picnic at Cadboro Bay beach on Saturday next.

—The junior Epworth League of the Centennial Methodist church had a very pleasant meeting last evening.

—Some very pretty Japanese drapes to hand, new designs and colors. Our lady patrons will be glad to hear the news. Weiler Bros.

—Special facilities for making blank books and doing extra calf and other superior binding at R. T. Williams', 28 Broad street.

—Tenders are called for by J. Gerhard Tiarks for the erection of a two story residence, with stone basement, on Lampson street; also tenders for clearing the site.

—Magistrate Macrae's private office and that portion of the city hall are being renovated and kalsomined. The work was certainly very badly needed and the improvement will be a welcome one.

—Rev. W. L. Clay, the new pastor of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, arrived from the east this morning, and is registered at the Balmoral. He will be inducted this evening, and on Tuesday next will be tendered a reception by the congregation.

—The steamer Premier did not arrive from Vancouver until late this morning, having been held at Vancouver yesterday afternoon and evening for the eastern passengers and mail. She left again just as soon as possible, and will by to-night, unless there are other delays, be back on her regular schedule time.

—The annual meeting of the grand lodge of A. F. and A. M. will commence to-day at New Westminster and will continue until Saturday. The Victoria delegates are: R. B. McMicking, Geo. S. Russell, H. L. Salmon, B. Williams, Henry Wafler, George Glover, J. W. Coburn, Thos. S. Fletcher and W. J. Quinlan.

—J. B. Wilkins was before Magistrate Macrae this morning, charged with a breach of the revenue by-law, it being alleged that he was working as a contractor and had not paid the license for so doing. The prosecution failed to prove a case that was satisfactory to the magistrate to convict, and he ordered the defendant discharged.

—The French man-of-war Duguay-Trouin, which is expected here, is a single screw iron ship of 3140 tons, ship rigged, and was launched at Cherbourg in 1877. Her length is 296 feet 3 inches, beam 43 feet 4 inches, mean draft 17 feet, and horse power 4390. She has a coal carrying capacity of 450 tons, steams 15.9 knots, and carries five 5-ton, five 3-ton and eight machine guns.

—The fine weather assures the presence of a large crowd at the Arion club's moonlight concert up the arm this evening. The gentlemen who will take up the collection in aid of the flood sufferers are Messrs. A. J. Dallain, T. S. Gore, A. G. Smith, J. B. Gordon, H. F. M. Jones, H. F. Langton, H. C. Macaulay and J. E. Wilson. Their canoes may be easily distinguished by lanterns at the tops of the masts marked "Arion Club."

—The members of the W. C. T. U. were entertained at the home of Mayor [illegible] evening. Mrs. [illegible] received the guests and spared no pains for their entertainment. Addresses were delivered by Mrs. Spoffard, provincial president of the W. C. T. U., and Miss Howes. It was decided to organize a branch of the Loyal Legion. There was music during the evening and at the close light refreshments were partaken of.

—J. F. Foulkes, the well known Victoria tennis player, and A. W. Bumiller, the champion of Stanford university, played a match game at the Belcher street grounds yesterday afternoon. Mr. Foulkes won, 7—5 and 6—2. He had the advantage in form, but probably at his opponent's best would also have won. There were many brilliant plays, Foulkes time after time saving what looked to be impossible shots. Bumiller did some brilliant work in placing his shots out of reach of his opponent. The game was watched by a fair sized crowd, and there was frequent applause.

—There are 52 guests at the Mount Baker hotel.

—Grass catchers for lawn mowers at McLennan & McFeely's. *

—Guaranteed razors and outfits at Fox's, 78 Government street. *

—These warm days a derby hat a felt. Try one of Partridge's straws. *

—Candidates for the legislature will be nominated in the market hall on Saturday.

—The board of trade building association held its annual meeting this afternoon.

—There is no change in the situation of the stonecutters' strike at the government buildings.

—The electors of South Victoria met at the Royal Oak last evening and were addressed by the candidates.

—A Jap was taken off an upturned boat near Clover Point last evening. He was in a half drowned condition.

—The funeral of Thos. Nicholson's infant son, drowned in the gorge on Monday morning, took place this afternoon.

—Shares 175 A and B standing in the names of Mrs. F. Walker and R. Carter, were drawn at the meeting of the Vancouver Island Building society last evening.

—The pocket book picked up on the beach by Mr. Barnes turns out to have been the property of Mr. Vernon who was drowned by the capsizing of the sloop Undine.

—The report that twelve buildings were shattered at the Pilot Bay saw mill, Kootenay, can hardly be correct, as there were only four buildings there. The tin roof of the mill was carried away, and the building was submerged.

—Several hundred people attended the band concert at Oak Bay last evening. Director Fiaz has succeeded in getting together a lot of first class musicians and the crowd that attend the concerts show that his efforts are appreciated.

—The proprietor of the Bee Hive saloon has been summoned to appear in the police court on Saturday. The charge is "Keeping a common gaming house." Evidence in the Barnard case went to show that card playing had been indulged in at the Bee Hive.

—Detachments of men from the three warships were drilled on the canteen grounds this morning. There were several hundred men in line and they were put through a variety of movements and evolutions. A number of spectators, among them a number of the Stanford university boys, saw the drill.

—The fire department had a drill at Government and Johnson streets last evening at 7.30 o'clock, under the direction of Chief Thomas Deasy. All of the work of the men and the apparatus was shown in a very interesting manner, clearly illustrating the efficiency of the department. The operation of the ladder truck was particularly interesting.

SELECTED A SITE.

The Aldermen Decide Upon an Expensive Power House Site.

T. C. Nuttal's waterfront property, between Herald street and Turret rock, was yesterday selected by the council as the site for the new electric light station. The price at which this property was offered by Mr. Nuttal was $12,300. R. F. Tolmie offered the same piece of property, but his price was $13,000. The lots were last year assessed for $6,000, showing that during the year the property, in the opinion of a majority of the aldermen, has just doubled in value. It is calculated that it will cost another $5000 to grade the site, there being a lot of rock on it. This, with the cost of the site, will make a big hole in the $55,000 voted by the ratepayers. There was a long discussion as to which site should be selected, several of the aldermen advocating the selection of a cheaper lot, as suggested by Mr. Stickels, the electrician. Others suggested utilizing the James Bay mud flats. It was hardly expected that this site would be selected, although it was known that four of the aldermen were almost certain to vote for it. It was generally understood that Ald. Wilson would not vote for it. The selection was made on a division of five to four, as follows: For—Ald. Harris, Styles, Baker, Keith-Wilson and Ledingham; against—the mayor and Ald. Dwyer, Humphrey and Munn. Ald. Vigelius was absent.

J. C. Keith was named as architect for the power house, with orders to proceed with the preparation of the plans at once.

A special committee will report on Mr. Cartmel's proposition to destroy garbage in connection with the electric light works.

Millinery, Millinery.

The reduced prices placed on all the straw hats both trimmed and untrimmed, cannot fail to impress every lady that Partridge, 86 Yates street, is determined to clear them out regardless of cost. *

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

"CORONAS" $4 per doz.

Former Price, $7. And a large CRAYON, $1.

"Coronas" are the latest and most beautiful style of Photo, larger than Cabinets and finished on heavy embossed white enamel mounts. Cut out this Coupon and bring it to Skene Lowe, 63 Government street.

Good until July 10th.

HE AIDED THE ROBBER.

Man Arrested for Assisting the Cariboo Stage Robber to Escape.

Superintendent Fred Hussey of the provincial police received a telegram this morning announcing that Constable John Bain had arrested a man for aiding the Cariboo stage robber to escape arrest. The name of the party arrested was not given. He was taken to the 150-mile station and locked up. The constable then continued in pursuit. The telegram received does not give full particulars of the incident, but it is presumed that the officers of the law are hot on the trail of the robber, and his arrest at an early date may be looked for.

NANAIMO NOTES.

Lobb Hearing Continued This Afternoon —Northfield Fire.

Nanaimo June 21.—The preliminary hearing of the charge of Sidney W. Lobb was continued. Some fresh testimony was produced and evidence as to certain acts made with the revolver, with regard to marks of burning were also put in.

The London and Canadian Fire Insurance company, with whom H. Grunsfelder held a policy of $11,200 on the stock in his Northfield jewelry store, which was destroyed by fire last Saturday night, will, it is understood, decline to pay him a cent. The company will allow him to sue them for payment, the evidence given at the inquest being of such a nature as to warrant such action on their part.

Constable Stephenson has returned from his trip north, made with the object of learning what he could in connection with the disappearance of poor George Maclachlan, of Lasqueti island. Constable Stephenson gained but little fresh information. He was informed by the occupants of a sloop, Charley Maine and Billy Kelsallo that they saw Maclachlan put off from Balmacs in the teeth of a severe storm, heading for the south end of Lasqueti island. They noticed that he appeared to be driven past the island, in the direction of the mainland.

Minnie Freethy, the daughter of R. Freethy, of this city, is missing. Her parents have not seen anything of her since Monday, and they are naturally greatly alarmed at her prolonged absence from home.

W. McGregor, manager of the New Vancouver Coal Company's mines, was yesterday by acclamation elected school trustee in place of Dr. A. B. Passer, resigned.

T. C. Gray, of Vancouver, grand master of the British Columbia grand lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows assisted by P. C. P. A. H. Blackeby, of Galt, Ont., Past Grand P. G. Powley, of Kingston, Past Grand Master James Crossan, and members of Harmony, Centennial and Black Diamond lodges, instituted a new lodge of Odd Fellows at Northfield last evening. The new lodge will be hailed as Perseverance lodge, No. 28, and started with a membership of over thirty, with a large number of applications to be yet considered and acted upon. After the new lodge was instituted in "ample" form by the grand master, the following officers were duly installed: Noble Grand, Charles H. Rummings; Vice Grand, J. T. McKay; Recording Secretary, Lewis Jones; Per. Secretary, Ed. Milligan; Treasurer, Jos. Whitta; and 22 new members were initiated. During the evening the visitors and members were entertained at a splendid supper prepared by Mrs. Gardner.

Northern Pacific Railroad

Resumed the running of through trains to St. Paul, Chicago and all eastern points June 14, 1894, without delay or transfer.

Passengers ticketed through to all points in Canada, the United States and Europe.

Office, Adelphi building, Government street, Victoria, B. C.

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Ticket Agent.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. A. E. B. Davie went to Tacoma last evening.

Dr. A. W. Pearse, of Alberni, is at the Oriental.

John Horner returned from Vancouver this morning.

Henry Erdich and wife of St. Louis leave for the Sound to-night.

Ald. S. T. Styles and Miss Styles leave to-night for San Francisco.

Cadet Webster, U.S.N., leaves for Sitka tomorrow on the steamship Queen.

Hon. Theo. Davie and Hon. J. H. Turner returned from Vancouver on the Premier.

Mrs. E. E. Blackwood and Miss Jackson arrived home from the Sound yesterday afternoon.

John Boyd returned last night by the Premier from an extended trip to his old home in Scotland.

Dr. and Mrs. J. G. Van Marter, of Tacoma, are at the Driard. They came over in their naptha launch.

P. A. E. Irving, of Bodwell & Irving, returned on the delayed Premier this morning after a two months' visit to England where he went to place his son at school.

Marine.

The steamship Queen leaves for Alaska to-morrow. She will have a big crowd of tourists.

Carmanah, B.C., 10 a.m., June 21.—Barometer, 29.98; temp. 57; light s.w. air; smooth [illegible] a.m.; she is about the size of the Maude, but has a white house; she has two masts fore and aft rig.

The sealer Minnie, Capt. Jacobson, sailed this morning for the west coast. She will there get her Indian crew and cruise north to Unalaska.

The marvellous success of Hood's Sarsaparilla is based upon the corner stone of absolute merit. Take Hood's throughout the spring months.

Law Intelligence.

Mr. Justice Walkem in the supreme court chambers this morning heard the following applications:

Bloor v. Frith.—J. A. Aikman, for the defendant, applied to set aside service of a writ of summons on the ground that the writ did not show the proper place of residence of the plaintiff. Robertson, for the plaintiff, contra. Order made allowing plaintiff to amend writ. Costs to be paid by plaintiff.

Jones v. N. E. T. Co.—Crease, for the plaintiff, applied for leave to amend statement of claim and for postponement of trial. A. E. McPhillips contra. Order made postponing trial till Tuesday next, and leave given plaintiff to amend summons for amendment. Costs of day to defendants.

"I am sensible of the honor you do me, Mr. Spoonamore in the proposal of marriage you have just made," said the young woman with a slight curl of the lip, "but circumstances over which I have no control will compel me to decline the honor."

"What are those circumstances, Miss Marigold?" fiercely demanded the young man.

"Your circumstances, Mr. Spoonamore."

Man shows his teeth and growls; but woman shows her teeth and smiles; with far better chance of attaining her object.

Will You Catch This Idea?

It's not what we say, but the length of time our clothing wears and how it fits you that makes it cheap.

Suits at $18.
Pants at $5.

Let us reason together.

KINNAIRD, The Cash Clothier, 46 Johnson St.

Figure It out Yourself. Dosen't It Stand To Reason That The Cash Dealer Can Sell The Cheapest? Try CAMERON, The Cash Clothier, 55 Johnson Street.

A Milk Maid

Always looks charming—as a picture—and wins the admiration of all mankind.

Our Tailor Made

Suit at $18.00 or a pair of Trouse at $5.00 look exceedingly well on any man and are admired by everybody.

We Make Them

KINNAIRD, The Cash Tailor, No. 46 Johnson Street.

A TRIAL

Of the VICTORIA SOAP CO.'S SOAPS will satisfy the public that they are what they are claimed to be—THE BEST. Get Samples at Works, corner Government and Herald Streets.

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THIS MONTH ONLY.

Russell & McDonald,

Masonic Building, Douglas Street.

STRAW HATS—2009 Men's, Women's and Children's Straw Hats at 10c. and 25c. each.

BLOUSE WAISTS, half price; Prints, Challies, Muslins, Delaines and Summer Dress Fabrics from 10 cents per yard.

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(LIMITED)

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MANUFACTURERS OF Refined Sugars and Syrups

OF THE HIGHEST QUALITY.

PRICE LIST

(Applicable to Lots of not less than 10 Barrels or equal)

SUGAR—Powdered, Icing and Bar. in Bbls.		6¼c. per lb.
Paris Lumps, in Bbls. or 100 lb. bags,		5¾c. "
Granulated, " " "		4¾c. "
Yellow, according to quality,	4½ to 4¾c.	"
100 lb. Kegs ⅛c. more, Half Bbls. ¼c. more, Boxes ⅛c. more.		
SYRUPS—30 Gal. Barrels,		2½c. per lb.
10 " Kegs,		2¾c. "
5 " "		$2.00 each.
1 " Tins,		$4.25 per case of 10
½ " "	5.75	" 20

Payment by Spot Cash. All prices subject to change without notice. Special terms for lots of 100 Barrels and upwards.

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TO THE PUBLIC—We guarantee for our sugars absolute purity. Every dealer knows they are superior to any others in the market. COMPARE AND DECIDE FOR YOURSELVES. When you ask for B. C. sugar see that you get it.

A TOTAL ECLIPSE!

JOHNSON'S FLUID BEEF

ECLIPSES

All Meat Extracts and Home Made Beef Tea.

It is FIFTY TIMES as nourishing and makes a strengthening and invigorating beverage.

MARTIN & ROBERTSON, VICTORIA and VANCOUVER, Agents for British Columbia.

Take Away

a stone from a foundation and it is weakened; a picket from a fence gives it an ill appearance, the vacancy destroys its symmetry, and the void is at once apparent. A hole the size of a pin's head in a kitchen utensil detracts from its usefulness, and a spoke from the wheel of a vehicle at once causes comment. It is the same with the mouth of a human being. An absent tooth gives the mouth the appearance of an "aching void." The symmetry is forever gone, the features are distorted, and already the process of decay has begun. In time other teeth "go by the board," and then succeeds a row of blackened and disfigured stumps. Crown and bridge work is a specialty in dental science, and of which Dr. H. B. Findley is a master. By these processes the mouth is made whole, decay of teeth arrested and the features restored to their original appearance.

Dr. H. B. Findley, Rooms 1 and 2, 86½ Government St.

NOTICE.

A meeting of the creditors of the late firm of Green, Worlock & Co., will be held at the Board of Trade Rooms on Friday, the 22nd day of June, 1894, at 2.30 p.m.

Victoria, June 15, 1894.

J. STUART YATES, ROBT. BEAVEN, Trustees of the Estate of Green, Worlock & Co. j16-6t

NOTICE

Is hereby given that it is my intention to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria, at its sitting to be held on the second Wednesday in the month of September next, for a transfer to George Richardson, of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Windsor Hotel situate at the corner of Government and Courtney streets in the City of Victoria.

Dated the 4th day of June, 1894.

j5-1m ALEX. McDONALD.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE.

Under instructions from the mortgagee and in pursuance of the power of sale contained in a certain indenture of mortgage, bearing date the 28th day of October, 1892, tenders will be received by the undersigned up to 12 noon, on Tuesday, the 26th day of June, 1894, for the purchase of Lot 317 in the District of Alberni, in the Province of British Columbia.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Dated the 5th day of June, 1894.

SUBLETT & MORPHY, Solicitors for the Mortgagee, 49 Langley Street, Victoria. j6-3w

W. J. STODDART,

Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler

New York Hotel Building, Yates St.

Watches cleaned, 75 cts; Best Mainsprings 75 cts; Fronting Wheels, 75 cts; Staffs and Pinions, $1.25; Clocks Cleaned, 50 cts. Jewelry repaired on short notice, as prices, as very low figures.

AFFLICTED KASLO.

The Terrible Effects of the Great Storm and Flood of Sunday June 3rd.

Houses Demolished by Wind and Torrent—Homeless People—Heavy Damage.

The Nelson Miner gives the following account of the Kaslo disaster:

The afternoon of Sunday, June 3rd, at Kaslo was bright and hot, and on the lake could be seen a dozen boats, some with ladies and children in them. Between two and three o'clock heavy thunder clouds were seen approaching from the southeast.

The water, which was still rising at nearly an inch an hour, was causing a number of people to get their furniture and effects away from all the houses below Third street.

Between four and five o'clock the storm burst. First a number of hot waves of wind made people wonder what was coming, and men who had had experience in tropical climates began swapping yarns, but before they could finish them they had to run for shelter, and for half an hour such a storm raged that no one in it will fail to remember it for the rest of their lives.

Sand, lumber, tin cans, light stoves, and everything movesble, whirled about. It was impossible to see across the street and all who possibly could sought shelter. The Adams house caught fire, but happily the flames were soon extinguished. There were two other alarms of fire, but no damage was done.

On the lake the storm raged. Waves were running from five to ten feet high, and about this time the worst accident known took place. Mr. and Mrs. McGregor, in a boat, had been to a friend's house on the lake front to try and assist them, and on leaving the full force of the storm struck them, and in a moment the boat was upset. Mrs. McGregor managed to seize the boat, and also got hold of McGregor, the boat in the meantime drifting away rapidly across the point and into the bay, where it was seen. At considerable risk of life, Chatterton, the Kaslo constable, and two other brave men rowed out to them. When they reached the boat McGregor was found just alive, but unconscious, Mrs. McGregor having been swept away. She has not been seen since. Mr. McGregor was brought ashore to the boat house, and both the Kaslo constables were working away at him for hours before he was out of danger. The same boat crew immediately returned and brought in a young man named Rollins, who had managed after his boat was upset to climb upon some wreckage.

The steam tug Idaho had in the meantime been out a little way, but it was impossible to get across the lake owing to the waves and the driftwood, and at times it seemed from the shore as if she would never be able to get back. It was a great risk, and when she got broadside on the waves it looked as if she would roll over altogether. However, she got back safely.

It was know that Messrs. Stone, Dennis and Byers were in a boat across the lake; also Mr. Pearce and another man. In all it was thought that when the storm burst fourteen or fifteen people were in danger. As soon as the waves lowered a dozen boats went out seeking them, and as far as know all were saved. Messrs. Stone, Dennis and Byers ran before the storm, and being good boatmen and having a good boat they managed to keep afloat, but were driven more than five miles up the lake. They got back about 7.30. Messrs. Retallack and Headley, who were out seeking them, returned at the same time. It is still possible that a number of lives may be lost, but until the excitement subsides it is impossible to find out who are missing.

Between four and five o'clock, in the height of the storm, all the houses below Third street were swept away, and it was very sad to see the great destruction of property. The wharf, which cost about $8,000, was soon seen to be destroyed. The Galena Trading Company's store gave three cracks and disappeared, and the only things saved were the barrels of liquors, which were found floating upon the lake. The probable loss is $8,000 to $10,000. Byers Hardware Company's store went together with the floating wharf. The Chinese wash houses with their contents and two Chinamen trying to save their effects in a boat were driven out in the lake, but were saved. The large house belonging to Ida Williams before the storm had seven feet of water on the ground floor, and the inmates were all living on the first floor. When the storm came all was excitement, and the last women had to leave in a boat. For some time it was doubtful if they would be safely landed. However, a rope was thrown them and they were saved. The house went to pieces in a few minutes. All that was saved was some furniture which floated [illegible] time the storm burst between sixty and seventy houses were broken up and between fifteen of twenty more or less badly damaged. The front was blown out of the Great Northern hotel, but no one was hurt by it. The jail succumbed after a short struggle and added its share to the floating wreckage. Scores of men worked most willingly, assisting in every possible way to save everything that could possibly be landed and also in boats picking up all floating valuables until darkness set in.

Monday morning, 4 a.m., everybody is astir early. There is still a stiff breeze blowing and houses going to pieces. All the people south of the creek kept working all night moving to the north of the creek, and people on both banks got out of their houses. The creek, which is a foaming torrent, at about 2 a.m. carried away the bridge. It undermined the north bank, carrying away Mr. Kane's house, Mr. Keen's house and half a dozen others, and the further damage it is doing is enormous.

The Ainsworth steamed around, landing men on the south side, who are trying to save as much property as possible. The flood is still rising, and although the air is colder, it is not expected that the water will be lower for some time. It is impossible to estimate exactly the damage done. Mr. Byers, Mr. Keen and many others have just the clothes they had on left, and have lost everything.

A low estimate of the loss would seem to be $100,000. A hundred people or more having small houses in which they could live rent free are now without a home and have lost their all. A large jam formed just above Third street and at 8 a.m. an attempt was made to blow it out, but it was unsuccessful. About a dozen houses still standing on the south of the creek will probably go before long.

Coming down the lake on the Ainsworth, at Hendryx the buildings were all standing, but under water. Trees were blown down in every direction. At Ainsworth all the shacks, warehouses and Chinese wash houses were destroyed and the fences blown away from before the houses on the water front. At Pilot Bay the wharf is floating. The water is three feet deep in the assay buildings, up to the eaves of the warehouse on the wharf, and several feet deep in the smelter building. On the Crawford Bay side six houses were destroyed and the tug boat Surprise sank. The steamboat Galena is under water, but is thought uninjured.

At Balfour the water is up to the second floor in the hotel, the post office is under water and slightly canted. The water is just touching the church and Busk's house, opposite Balfour. West's, White's and Procter's houses are in six feet of water. At Laird's house the water is up to the front door. W. W. West and neighbors are all badly flooded. A tree fell upon Mrs. Gray yesterday and hurt her seriously. There was no storm at Balfour.

Foreign News.

Tangier, June 19.—Muley Mohammed, eldest son of the late sultan and a pretender to the throne, has been imprisoned at Marakesh by order of his brother, Adbul Aziz, the sultan, and compelled to sign an act of adhesion to Adbul Aziz. The position of the latter has been secured by his being recognized as sultan by the powerful sheeref of Wazan. The towns of Marakesh and Mequinez and the chief of the independent Zayan tribe have promised Adbul Aziz to place 3,000 armed men along the road between Fez and Maquinez for the purpose of keeping order.

Nice Covers.

Samples of a very neat portfolio cover for America Photographed can be seen at the Times office. Orders will be received at 65 cents each and covers will be supplied two or three weeks after. The numbers of the portfolios when placed together in this cover will be a handsome ornament to the house.

Miscellany.

One of our would-be city society ladies lately sent an invitation to Mrs. B——, who is an accomplished artiste, having before her marriage studied successfully under celebrated musical professors in Leipsig and Dresden. The invitation ran—"Mrs. A—— would be charmed to see Mrs. B—— if she would be good enough to bring her music with her." To which the ex-pupil of the Royal Conservatory immediately answered, "Mrs B—— would be charmed to see Mrs. A——, if she would be good enough to come to her house and behave as a lady."

No useful man has time to go back and rub out his unfortunate footprints.

Happy days and restful nights result from using Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It so regulates all the bodily functions and strengthens the nervous system that worry and fatigue are comparatively unknown, and life is truly enjoyed. It is certainly a most wonderful medicine.

Only Ten Cents
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We have secured the right for this locality and will issue **One Part Each Week.**

See Coupon upon another page of this paper, cut it out and remit to this office with Ten Cents.

THE TIMES,
VICTORIA, B. C.

DANGERS OF THE SEA.

A Schooner Collides With an Iceberg—Twelve Lives Lost.

St. Johns, Nfld., June 19.—The schooner Rose, bound from Labrador for Conception bay, collided with an iceberg yesterday and went down almost immediately, carrying twelve persons with her. At the time of the collision there was a thick fog, and it was impossible for the lookout to see a ship's length ahead. The Rose had a crew of fifty-five persons. The forty-three survivors jumped aboard the berg as son as the collision took place and remained there several hours, suffering great hardships. After they had almost abandoned hope another fishing craft hove in sight and they were taken safely aboard and landed.

A Little Daughter

Of a Church of England minister cured of a distressing rash, by Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Mr. RICHARD BIRKS, the well-known Druggist, 207 McGill st., Montreal, P. Q., says:

I have sold Ayer's Family Medicines for 40 years, and have heard nothing but good said of them. I know of many

Wonderful Cures

performed by Ayer's Sarsaparilla, one in particular being that of a little daughter of a Church of England minister. The child was literally covered from head to foot with a red and exceedingly troublesome rash, from which she had suffered for two or three years, in spite of the best medical treatment available. Her father was in great distress about the case, and, at my recommendation, at last began to administer Ayer's Sarsaparilla, two bottles of which effected a complete cure, much to her relief and her father's delight. I am sure, were he here to-day, he would testify in the strongest terms as to the merits of

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Cures others, will cure you

The Victoria Lithograph Co.

Upstairs, Corner of Government and Yates Streets.
VICTORIA, B. C.

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Enlarged from small photographs in the best style of the lithographer's Art.

SOME of our Victoria Merchants still send orders to Toronto and other Eastern Cities, in the mistaken notion that they can get it done cheaper. They of course know they cannot get it done better than in Victoria. We are prepared to do the work at Toronto Prices, if orders of the same size are given to us as are given to Toronto houses.

Call and see samples of our work before placing your orders with drummers.

Keep the Money In the Country.

Orders may be left at the TIMES Office.

VICTORIA LITHOGRAPH CO.,
W. H. CREECH, Manager.

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YOUR FRIENDS IN THE EAST

Are all anxious to know all about Vancouver Island and British Columbia .....

EVERY RESIDENT of British Columbia who travels in the East is kept busy answering the many questions asked about the new El Dorado of the Pacific Northwest, and the indications are that hundreds of Eastern capitalists, merchants, bankers, farmers fruit growers, mechanics, etc., are turning Westward Ho! with British Columbia as an objective point. It goes without saying that every resident of this Province is interested in the development of our many resources and glad of an opportunity to supply their friends with reliable information concerning this country and its many attractions for the tourist and homeseeker.

THE WEEKLY TIMES
IS
A Well-Edited 16-page Paper,

Filled each week with news from all points of the Northwest, will tell the story of the happenings in this section of the Dominion of Canada in an interesting and acceptable manner. Why not send a copy regularly to your friends, relatives and acquaintances back East? It is cheaper than writing letters and a saving of much labor. Terms are as follows:

WEEKLY, six months - - $1.00
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Sample copies sent free to any address. All orders should be addressed to

The TIMES P. & P. Co.,
Victoria, B.C.

Just Received 200 Pairs Sample Pants. These Goods Were Bought at a Big Discount and Will be Sold Cheap. B. Williams & Co., Clothiers and Hatters, 97 Johnson St.

SYNOD MEETING CLOSED.

The Annual Address of the Bishop Delivered Yesterday Afternoon.

Different Subjects Dealt With---A Motion Amended---Next Meeting Place.

Following is the annual address of Bishop Perrin delivered at the Synod meeting yesterday:

My Reverend Brethren and Brethren of the Laity:

A year's experience has, I assure you, deepened my sense of responsibility in having been called to the office and work of a bishop in the Church of God.

In this diocese there is none of the anxiety caused by long missionary journeys, or by severity of crimate—on the contrary—all the settlements are within easy range—but the anxiety arises from the intimate knowledge which the bishop must have of the special needs and difficulties of each particular parish. His energies have by no means to be expended only upon organization, but rather upon the closer personal union which in so many dioceses in England and in the colonies is clearly impossible. For this I am duly thankful, and while I am profoundly conscious of my negligence and ignorance, yet the experience of more than twenty years of active parochial work has made me to some extent capable of feeling sympathy with clergy and laity, even if I cannot actually help them in their difficulties.

I would beg of you to forgive the mistakes and shortcomings of the first year of my episcopate, some of which stand out clearly before my mind as I write these lines, and all of which I would cast into the ocean of the everlasting love of God.

There have been several changes in the ministry during the year. Within a month of the last meeting of the synod, the Rev. M. C. Browne was called to his rest—and during the year the Rev. D. Holmes has accepted work in the American church; the Rev. W. H. G. Ellison has resigned the charge of Metchosin, the Rev. W. H. P. Arden and the Rev. G. H. Tovey have returned to England; the Rev. S. C. Schofield has, you will regret to hear, been forced under medical advice to resign St. Paul's Esquimalt.

I take this opportunity of recording my thanks for the kind help which has been given by the Rev. G. E. Sharpe and by the chaplains of the royal navy, while the ships have been at Esquimalt harbor; and to add that the loss of the active support of Mr. H. J. Innes for so many years will be severely felt.

The following appointments have been made: Rev. W. J. Flinton to Cedar Hill and Lake; Rev. C. E. Cooper to Wellington; Rev. E. F. Wilson to Salt Spring Island; Rev. G. W. Taylor to St. Alban's, Nanaimo; and Rev. J. B. Haslam to St. Barnabas, Victoria. In all cases I have consulted the authorities of the several parishes before making the appointments. No steps have been taken to fill the vacancy in St. Mark's, Victoria, until the question of the grant from the Algoma Fund has been decided. If the suggestion of the executive committee is adopted the difficulty in carrying on the services at Metchosin will cease. During the past nine months the archdeacon has driven to Metchosin from Victoria every alternate Sunday afternoon, returning in time for his evening services at St. James'.

I wish to express my sincere thanks to the Rev. Canon Paddon for undertaking the Sunday services at the Jubilee hospital, and also for the readiness with which he has always voluntarily undertaken any work which he has been asked to do. If he leaves Victoria the diocese will feel his loss, and personally I shall miss his sympathetic support.

Two new churches have been dedicated during the past year—one at Saanichton in the large district under the charge of the Rev. F. G. Christmas, and the other at Fulford Harbor on Salt Spring Island, where it will stand as a memorial to the successful ministry of Rev. J. B. Haslam. New fields of work have been opened by the Rev. C. E. Cooper at Englishman's River, French Creek and Nanoose, at the first of which a church is almost ready for dedication. At Union Mine the Rev. J. X. Willemar has commenced Sunday services, but both there and at Alberni there are spheres of work which the church ought to undertake with as little delay as possible.

Since the departure of the Rev. D. Holmes the services at Chemainus have not been regularly supplied. At present there are no signs of renewal of work at the sawmill, but the rapidly increasing number of settlers in the neighborhood of the River church calls for active ministerial work.

No permanent arrangements have been made for the spiritual needs of Mayne island and the adjoining islands. Canon Beanlands has undertaken services occasionally, but the settlers are anxious for regular ministrations. A lady in England has collected $500 towards the purchase of a steam naphtha launch, but until the help of an itinerary clergyman has been obtained, a boat would be practically useless.

The work among the Chinese has been abundantly blessed under the superintendence of the Rev. E. F. Lipscombe and the devoted labors of the catechist and a small band of workers who attend regularly at the Chinese school week by week. Three Chinese have been baptized and I have administered confirmation to three others. The grant of $500 from the Domestic and Mission Fund in the East of Canada (for which we cannot be too grateful) is not sufficient to pay the rent of the school room and the extremely small stipends of the superintendent and catechist, and it would make a great difference to the whole work if those who believe in the commandment of our blessed Lord to preach the gospel to all nations would give a sufficient sum to build a small church for the use of the Chinese.

The missionary work amongst the Indians at Alert Bay has been placed under my care by the authorities of the Church Missionary society, but I have postponed my visit there until the return of the Rev. A. J. Hall from England. Meanwhile I have had the opportunity of seeing Mr. Corker, and I am glad to say that the Indian department have sanctioned his appointment as principal of a new industrial school which has been opened during the past year.

The impossibility of carrying forward the scheme of building a new cathedral has been a grievous disappointment to me personally and I am sure to the whole diocese. It is to be hoped that the strain upon the patience of those who have paid their subscriptions will not be too great. After having paid for the plans and specifications, the treasurer reports a balance in hand of $6,000. When the right time come to make a further effort, it is hoped that the work will be considered of a diocesan character and that subscriptions will by no means be confined to the parish of Christ Church. Without exaggerating the state of commercial depression in the island, from which, I am informed, we are not suffering as severely as some of our neighbors, it cannot be denied that all questions of finance have been of a very serious character during the past year. The resources of almost every parish have been strained to the utmost.

I am glad to say that the grants made by the Mission Board have been paid regularly and in full. At the close of the financial year on March 31, the Mission Fund was $1,208 in arrear, but as we commenced the year with a deficit of $1,222, practically our receipts and expenditures have balanced. To meet this overdraft of $1,208 there is a sum of $800 owing as arrears of unpaid interest on mortgages, and the diocese will rejoice to hear that in answer to a special appeal to the authorities of the society for the propagation of the gospel a grant of $500 has been received from the treasurer in England.

The question before us, as to the future, is whether we are to be content with the state of the work of the church in this diocese, or to advance. No one will maintain that the amounts now collected and subscribed even are the utmost limit of liberality in the several congregations has been reached. We shall not be content until every member of the church realizes the duty of contributing to the general fund of the diocese. More than this, it certainly seems to me that we have a distinct claim upon the liberality of churchmen in England. I had made arrangements to leave the diocese for four months in August with the object of pleading our cause in England, where I had obtained promises of help in several large towns, but the lamented death of the Bishop of New Westminster has led me to postpone my visit. Since 1882 the diocese has received no annual grant from any society. In the earlier days of his episcopate my revered predecessor was able to raise large sums in England for the Columbia mission fund, but six years ago, in 1888, in an address to the synod, Bishop Hills announced that the contributions to this fund had fallen to a very small amount, and could hardly be taken any longer into consideration.

For my own part, I should be more than willing to abandon the scheme of trying to reorganise this fund, if the church societies in England could see their way to making substantial annual grants, and one of the objects of my visit was to fully discuss this matter with the authorities.

I trust that you will not think that I have entered into too many details of diocesan work—for my principle will always be the same, to keep no secrets from this synod, and thus to secure your hearty and cordial co-operation.

To turn for a few minutes to a wider field. First of all we shall naturally express our sincere sympathy with the diocese of New Westminster in the loss of its first bishop—called away in the prime of life and in the midst of his work—leaving us a good example; and further in the disastrous floods, which have brought, and must bring, a great strain upon the work of the church in that diocese. The election of a successor to the late Bishop Sillitoe raises the whole question of the formation of an ecclesiastical province in British Columbia. I hope that a committee will be appointed by this synod to confer with one appointed by the synod of New Westminster and with the Bishop of Caledonia. Although it is evident that nothing can be actually done at present, all preparations may be made, if it is decided as a principle that a province ought to be formed.

The journal of porceedings of the first session of the general synod of the Church of England in the Dominion of Canada has been circulated amongst you.

The solemn declaration makes it clear that the general synod continues to be an integral part of the great Anglican communion throughout the world, while each individual diocese are strictly protected.

No special report will be presented to the synod by the representatives who attended as delegates at Toronto. We shall have to proceed with caution, acting under the advice of our chancellor, so that we may make no legal mistakes in whatever course we may decide to adopt.

May the consolidation of the church in Canada be abundantly blessed by a spirit of true unity and an increase of faith and holiness and devotion amongst all its members.

I hoped to have had the honor of receiving the members of the synod at Bishop's Close, but out of respect to the memory of my brother bishop of New Westminster it seemed right to forego what would have been to me a great pleasure.

In my opening words I asked forgiveness for my mistakes. May I, in closing, express my sense of thankfulness to those who not only received me with marked kindness at the first, but who have continued their kindness, so that now I feel at home and amongst friends in this far western diocese; and I pray Almighty God, with all my heart and soul what is this and in all our work we may seek before all other things His honor and glory; that the progress of the work of the church amongst us, if slow, may be sure; that we may grow in grace and in the knowledge of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ.

The following amendment moved by E. Baynes Reed yesterday afternoon, when Archdeacon Scriven's motion was brought up, was carried: "That the lord-bishop be requested to invite the Bishop of Columbia to consider the advisability of forming an ecclesiastical province for British Columbia or of joining the ecclesiastical province of Rupert's Land, and that his lordship be further requested to nominate a committee to confer with committees of the other dioceses and to report to this synod the course recommended by them."

The bishop appointed the following as a joint committee to attend a conference of the other dioceses in British Columbia to discuss these propositions:

Clerical—Ven. Archdeacon Scriven, Rev. Canon Beanlands, Rev. G. W. Taylor and Rev. W. D. Barber.

Lay—the chancellor, Hon. Justice Drake, Hon. Justice Crease, Judge Harrison, Mr. Lindley Crease and Mr. E. Baynes Reed.

The other motions were all put and carried. Nanaimo was decided upon as the next place of meeting.

The public meeting at the cathedral last evening on the religious instruction of the young was largely attended. His lordship, the Rev. W. W. Bolton, Percy Wollaston, Mr. Duncan, of Cowichan, Dr. Hanington, Rev. C. E. Cooper, Rev. J. B. Hewetson and Ven. Archdeacon Scriven took part in the discussion.

AS A WAITING-MAID.

A Young Woman's Queer Experience in Tennyson's Household.

Some of the difficulties of living up to a disguise are illustrated in an old story recently printed in Blackwood's Magazine. It is part of a lady's journal kept in the year 1839, and tells her experience in visiting the Tennyson family in the guise of a lady's maid. Her friend, Mrs. Neville, who was invited to make the visit, could not afford a maid or a nurse for her little girl, so the young woman volunteered to act in that capacity under the name of "Marion Langdale." They both belonged to the same literary club, which included Mary and Emily Tennyson, but as she had never met them she considered herself safe from suspicion. She arranged her pretty tresses under a coarse bag wig, and quite transformed herself into a conventional lady's maid.

As soon as they arrived at the poet's house her troubles began. She was expected to sleep with the housemaid, and aside from her unwelcome company she found it awkward to dispose of her black wig, and had to wait for the wondering girl to fall asleep before she could settle herself for the night. After a few days she was called upon to appear in the dining room as waitress, and had her first glimpse of the poet. Her journal says: "I was to wait at table, and my heart beat so fast as I went in that I could hear nothing else for a few minutes, for on entering the room I saw Alfred Tennyson at last! And Frederick, Horatio, Emily and Mary and the mother. Was it a delusion that I stood there behind them, changing their plates, helping them, and they so little dreaming of my identity with the servant 'Marion?' Was I asleep when the maid of all work threw a handful of dirty forks into my hand and bid me 'cut and wash 'em quick an' bring 'em up?' I did do all this many times before dinner was over, and although I did it very well my hand shook so the first time I took Alfred Tennyson's plate that I thought it must be seen. The romance of the affair rushed over me."

The poet began to observe her very closely after this, and she became so nervous that she nearly forgot her part. One day as she was passing the open door of his room, where he lay smoking and reading, he called her in and asked her to bring him a book from downstairs. He attempted to describe it, but it was a German work and he thought she could not read it. "I know," she said, and quickly went down and brought it to him. "So you understand German," he said, and she gave an evasive reply and left the room. That evening at dinner Tennyson could not draw a cork from a beer bottle, and after everyone had tried and failed, he said to Mrs. Neville: "Where is your Marion? She can do it. She can do everything from reading German to waiting on table. Let her try." Marion came, and, amid a chorus of apologies and explanation, she drew the cork. Another day at dinner she was summoned to the table for some trivial reason, and it was found out afterward that it was to settle a dispute about the color of her eyes. Eventually her identity was revealed, and the family took the trick all in good part.—New York Sun.

"The Rain it Raineth Every Day."

What a comfort it is to walk down town in the morning wrapped in the luxurious embrace of a

RIGBY POROUS WATERPROOF COAT

all dry and comfortable, while those of one's less fortunate friends shiver and endure the old style of waterproof garment. But people are rapidly becoming educated to better things, and the cold, clammy, air-tight rubber waterproof is fast disappearing.

A thief in the act of breaking into a safe was greatly astonished on looking up to see a gentleman quietly watching his proceedings. He tried to escape, but the gentleman stopped his.

"Go on, my friend," he said, "I am greatly interested in your work."

"How is that ?" inquired the astonished thief.

"Because I have lost the key to this safe. If you can open it you shall be well rewarded for your trouble."

A Run Down System.

Upper Sumas, B. C., May 10, 1894.—I suffered from a general run down system and distress in the stomach after eating. I have taken three bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and I am much better. Mrs. Nellie Barker.

HOOD'S PILLS cure sick headache, biliousness.

Argyle House.

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A Large Assortment of Lace Curtains, taped and scollaped, 50c. a pair.

Just Received—One case more of those 50 cent Corsets.

Our $100 Grey Corsets are the best in the market

Heavy White Wigan Sheeting, 20 cents a yard.

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Are you giving your baby cow's milk or any food requiring cow's milk in preparation?

Any doctor will tell you that the worst forms of tubercular disease are conveyed through the medium of cow's milk. In this connection

Nestlé's Food

is invaluable, as with the addition of water only it is a safe and entire diet for infants.

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Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World.

BASEBALL.

THE BIG MATCH.

A big crowd went to the Caledonia grounds this afternoon to see the match between the Leland Stanford, jr., University team and the new Amities of Victoria. The lieutenant-governor was present and opened the game by putting the ball in play. The teams are:

Stanford—Sheehan, c.f. (capt.); Lewis, s.s.; Walton, 1b.; Dyer, 3b.; Bumiller, 2b.; McLaine, p.; Weldon, c.; Russell, r.f.; Campbell, l.f.

Victoria—Widdowson, 2b.; Gowen, c.f.; Franklyn, s.s.; Schultz, r.f.; Partridge, 1b.; Wrigglesworth, 3b.; Gouge, l.f.; Smith, c.; Lemfesty, p.

LACROSSE.

TEAM PRACTICE.

A full team practice of the Victoria lacrosse team is to be held on Saturday afternoon at three o'clock. The men have not been practicing together lately, and an effort is being made to get them out. If they propose to keep up their record of last year it will be necessary for them to do some hard and conscientious practicing.

D. Campbell has been selected as captain of the Star lacrosse club.

THE MARKETS.

Short Summary Covering Articles of Every Day Consumption.

The supply of fresh eggs is still quite short, and the retail price keeps on advancing at the rate of five cents per week. They are selling at 35 cents at the present time and are quite likely to go higher. Strawberries are very plentiful at the present time, but those who know say that the season is going to be a very short one. There has been an immense demand for them, yet in the face of it they have dropped to 10 cents per pound. Millstuffs and feeds are high, but there has been no late advance here. Oats are advancing, as is wheat, but the latter rise is the result of local causes more than in sympathy with the big markets of the world. Trade generally shows little change. Retail prices are given below:

Flour	
Salem	5 75
Ogilvie's (Hungarian)	6 00
Lake of the Woods (Hungarian)	6 00
Premier	6 00
Three Star	5 75
Victoria	5 75
Lion	5 75
Royal	5 50
Wheat, per ton	30 00@40 00
Oats, per ton	33 00@35 00
Barley, per ton	32 00@35 00
Middlings, per ton	30 00
Bran, per ton	27 00@30 00
Ground Feed, per ton	30 00@35 00
Corn, whole	45 00
" cracked	50 00
Cornmeal, per 10 lbs	40
Oatmeal, per 10 lb	50
Rolled Oats, per lb	6
Potatoes, per lb	1 1-4@1 1-2
Potatoes, new, California	2
Potatoes, seed	2
California sweet potatoes, per lb	3
Cabbage	3
Hay, baled, per ton	18 00@20 00
Straw, per bale	1 00
Onions, per lb	5@6
Eggs, per doz	35
Sugar per pound	6 1-2
Butter, Island roll, (2 lbs)	60@75
California Creamery	60@75
Cheese, Canadian, per lb, retail	20
" American, per lb	18@20
Hams, American, per lb	20@22
" Canadian, per lb	17@22
Bacon, American, per lb	22
" Rolled, per lb	18
" Long clear, per lb	17
Shoulders, per lb	14
Lard, per lb	15@20
Pig's feet, per doz	75
Tongues and Sounds, per kit	2 25
Meats—Beef, per lb	7@18
Sides, per lb	8@10
Mutton, per lb	9@15
Pork, fresh, per lb	12@15
Chickens, per pair	1.50@2.00
Turkeys, per lb	20@25
Geese, per lb	20@25
Fish—Smoked salmon (spring) per lb	15
Fish—Salmon (Spring), per lb	10@12
Rabbits, apiece	50
Salmon (Smoked), per lb	8@10
Halibut	10@12
Smoked halibut	12 1-2
Cod, per lb	8@10
" (Nfd), per lb	12 1-2
Small fish	5@8
Smelts, per lb	10@12
Sturgeon, per lb	7@8
Herring (Labrador), per doz	50
" (smoked) "	50
Eastern oysters, fresh, per quart	75
Fruits—Apples per lb	4@8
Bananas, per doz	25@40
Oranges—California	
" Seedlings	25
" Naval	40@50
Lemons, California, per doz	25@35
" (Australian)	25@35
Pine apples, apiece	25@50
Cranberries, per quart	15
Island rhubarb, per lb	8
Asparagus, per lb	10
Cauliflower, per doz	1 00
Green peas, per lb	8
Strawberries, per lb	10

BANK OF ENGLAND.

Weekly Statement of the Big Financial Corporation.

London, June 21.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England, issued today, shows the following changes as compared with the previous account: Total reserve increased, £117,000; circulation decreased, £83,000; bullion increased, £1,034,004; other securities increased, £385,000; other deposits increased, £1,382,000; public deposits increased, £307,000; notes reserve increased, £1,130,000; government securities increased, £181,000. The proportion of the Bank of England reserve to liability is 70.46 per cent.

A NEW PARTY.

Advocated by Prominent Persons—A Universal Need.

London, June 20.—A book urging the formation of a new party will be published to-morrow. It is entitled "The New Party." The editor, Andrew Reid, says in a chapter under the caption of "Our Policy," that the coming party must be devoted to the cause of Social Reform, and will therefore be opposed to the existing parties. Nevertheless he is of the opinion that the Tories, whom he regards as more favorable to social reform than the Liberals, might be good allies for the present, and a temporary alliance with them is recommended. A chapter by Lady Henry Somerset appears under the caption of "Women's Cause." In referring to Mr. Gladstone's retirement, she remarks pointedly that his name was "unsullied by the Gambling Turf." "He is," she adds, "a leader of the kind that the new party desires." Among the 26 other contributors to the book are William Pollard Byles, Liberal M. P.; Keir Hardie, labor M. P.; Grant Allan and Sarah Grand. The majority advocate a strongly socialistic programme.

KILLED BY THE CURRENT.

A Lineman the Victim of a Fellow-Workman's Negligence.

Rochester, N. Y., June 21.—Stephen Kirk, a lineman employed by the Bell Telephone company, was working on a pole on which there was a network of telephone, electric light, telegraph and street car trolley wires. A fellow-workman let the wire on which Kirk was working sag too much and it touched the trolley wires. Kirk grasped it and received the full force of the current from the trolley wires. Agonized screams broke from the man's lips as he endeavored to free himself from the wires. He struggled a moment, then toppled over. The current was so strong it held him fast to the wire almost by the heels. He hung head downwards for fully five minutes until a fellow workman located the wire among the network and cut it. The body was secured by ropes and lowered to the ground. Contrary to the expectations of all who saw the accident, Kirk was alive when he reached the ground. He was placed in an ambulance, but died before the city hospital was reached.

UNNATURAL APPETITES.

Queer Things That Were Found In the Stomach of a Man.

A man of the name of Owen Williams, who made a living by swallowing various substances, such as leather, corks, bullets and bits of iron, and who had acquired a local reputation as "the human ostrich," died in a London hospital of peritonitis.

Shortly before his death when questioned by one of the hospital surgeons, he said that he had been accustomed to exhibiting himself and swallowing any small articles that the spectators chose to give him, such, he said, as penny pieces, halfpence, pieces of tin, parts of newspapers, corks, swivels, watch chains, keys, tacks, nails and pieces of rubber.

When an autopsy was performed upon the body the surgeons reported the finding of the following remarkable collection of articles that had been swallowed:

Forty pieces of cork (cut bottle corks).

Thirty pieces of double tin foil.

Nine pennies.

One iron ring (size of a penny).

Ten or twelve pieces of clay pipestems.

A leaden bullet.

A rubber ring from a lemonade bottle.

Three pieces of leather an inch square, string, cotton, newspaper.

A pieces of leather nine inches long, with a stout hook at each end (one of these hooks had been found in perforation).

A piece of string about a foot long, with tin foil and corks attached.

A few other small things.

At the inquest which was held after the death of Williams the keeper of the lodging house where he had lived said that he was in the habit of wagering to eat the plate his food was on, and then proceeded to do it. He was also known to have eaten bottles and other articles.

The case has naturally aroused a great deal of discussion in medical circles. It is pointed out that there are two conditions or diseases known to science which might account for the phenomenon, aside from mere ignorance and recklessness.

These are what is called bulimy, or an ordinary craving for food, and polyphagism, or a tendancy to eat anything, a sort of universal ravenousness. Many stories are told of the manifestations of these diseases, although the cases themselves are, comparatively speaking, very rare. Some of the facts which are on record as having been performed with impunity are nothing less than astounding. Thus, there are well authenticated instances where men have devoured the whole of a sheep or a pig raw, and there is one case, that of a menagerie employee in Paris, who, it is calmly asserted by men of science, ate the whole of a dead lion.

Another Parisian of the name of Tarrare, who made a living by swallowing such things as corks, pebbles and whole apples would occasionally eat a live cat, and, if the records are to be believed, finally took to cannibalism.

A soldier of the seventeenth century, Francis Battalia by name, ate half a peck of small stones every day with his beer, and refused all other rations.

This yarn is vouched for by several of the leading men of his day, who seem, with reason, to have regarded the soldier as a remarkable curiosity.

To come nearer home, it is chronicled that John Cummings, an American sailor who died in 1815 or thereabouts, swallowed thirty-five clasp knives at a sitting and lived for two years afterwards, retaining a number of the knives in his stomach until the day of his death.—New York Sun.

"Mamma," said Willie after he had come from school, "I saw a poor little boy on my way home who had never even heard of ice-cream."

"That was too bad," said Willie's mother. "What did you say to him?"

"I said," replied Willie earnestly, "that I had almost forgotten it myself."

Use Gibbon's Toothache gum, sold druggists.

THE USES OF POETRY.

Chief Justice Coleridge Talks of the Poets and Their Work.

Lord Coleridge in the Contemporary review: Speaking as an old lawyer, I may say that few things compare in usefulness with the retentive accurate memory. It is in youth that this faculty is formed and trained, and one of the best methods of strengthening it is the habit of learning by heart the passages we admire from authors, both in verse and prose. What we learn in youth we are apt to remember well; mental impressions at that period of life do not easily fade, and, although they are easily received, they are indellibly retained and if they are impressions of noble thoughts clothed in noble language we are laying up a store of intellectual pleasure at one end of life for enjoyment at the other. Many of us live to grow old; if we do, our minds, if not ourselves, grow lonely; the interests of the world fade away and the fashion of the beauty of it vanisheth, and a time comes when we feel that

'Tis meet that we should pause awhile
Ere we put off this mortal coil,
And in the stillness of old age
Muse on our earthly pilgrimage.

At such times the recollection of great thoughts, of lovely images, of musical words, come to us with a comfort, with an innocent pleasure which it is difficult to exaggerate. And what should we learn? Speaking generally, the safest rule to follow is to learn that which pleases you the best; I assume that it is not bad; but as to what is best, taste is varied, and that which commends itself to one man perhaps repels itself to another. My own taste you must take for what it is worth. But (leaving out for obvious reasons all Greek and Latin writers) before and above everyone (including them) I should myself place Shakespeare, an inexhaustible storehouse of wisdom, instruction and exquisite diction, indispensible to any one who has anything to do with speaking or writing. Next to Shakespeare, I should put Milton. Have any of you not heard of the eloquence of John Bright? He told me himself that he was built on Milton; and if you heard him, nay, if you read him, you can see that he is steeped in the spirit of this great poet, and that though he does not imitate Milton, he speaks after Milton. And next for use, yes, for daily use, read Wordsworth. Much of Wordsworth has passed into the language, the poet of nature, the lofty spiritual thought, whose verse makes bright things brighter and happy men happier, the man of whose song Matthew Arnold says when he spoke

Our foreheads felt the wind and rain;
Our youth returned, for there was shed
On spirits that had long been dead,
Spirits dried up and closely furled
The freshness of the early world.

There is one man in English literature, perhaps there are two, who wrote too little; Gray is one. Every word he wrote is precious; he has the perfection of diction and melody. Every line contains a thought or picture complete in itself, and you cannot change a word without marring its perfection. The other perhaps is Wolfe. Every one knows his lines on the "Burial of Sir John Moore," of which, in my judgment, no higher praise is possible than to say that they were worthy of their subject. But he wrote also "Go, Forget Me," and "If I Had Known Thou Couldst Have Died"—two poems now but little known, but of which, if it is too much to say that they are as fine as the one on Sir John Moore, it is not too much to say that they are worthy of the poet who wrote it. The time would fail me if I were to speak at length of Shelly, of Keats, of Scott, of Ben Johnson, of Ford, of Masinger, of Dryden, Pope and Young, not to mention more recent authors. Coleridge, I omit of course; Tennyson I omit, because I know that any estimate which places him, as I should place him, in an order of men far below Shakespeare, is at present the mark of a Philistine.

Browning I omit, because, though I have admired him since I was a boy at school, I have not been so fortunate as to always understand him. He once rebuked me in a way I will relate for the comfort of those still striving souls who watch his flights and try to follow his course in vain till he disappears from them in the clouds. He was so kind as to give men many of his volumes, and he knew I honestly read them. Soon after one had thus been given me he asked how I liked it. I replied that what I could understand I heartily admired, and that parts of it I thought, ought to be immortal; but that as to much of it I really could not tell whether I admired it or no, as I could not understand it. "Ah, well," he said, "if a reader of your calibre understands 10 per cent. of what I write I think he ought to be content."

Whether for present or future comfort, I cannot too earnestly recommend your acquainting yourself with good books. They are the best of companions; in sickness, in misfortune, in sorrow, in sleepless nights and days of pain, you will find your recollection of great and wholesome literature a constant solace and refreshment. And, as a man is known by the company he keeps, still more truly is he known by the books he reads and the authors he loves. Read only the best books, and never read the bad ones. Good books will nerve you for the work—the serious and earnest work, which is the lot of all true and good men. For, to quote a great writer, Dr. Young, the author of the "Night Thoughts," not from that book, however, but from his "Satires," a book much less known:

This is the scene of combat not of rest,
Man's is laborious happiness at best;
On this side death his labors never cease,
His joys are joys of conquest, not of peace.

THE NEXT GREAT BATTLE.

The Conqueror Will Have no Time to Look After the Wounded.

Let me briefly adumbrate the possibilities—indeed, I may say the probabilities—the results of a great battle in the next great war, which is sure to be "short, sharp and decisive," says Alexander Forbes in Scribner's. The fighting has been prolonged and bloody, with the result that one side is definitely beaten, evacuates its positions and retreats more or less precipitately, leaving on the ground its wounded, none of whom could be cared for while the conflict lasted. The successful commander's ground is littered with his own wounded; he has them on his hands in thousands and he has also on his hands the thousands of the wounded of the vanquished which has gone away. The conqueror of the future, if he accepts the old time conventional burden of his adversary's wounded, will become its victim. He will not accept the incubus. Is it to be imagined that the victor in such circumstance will think twice even about his own wounded, let alone the wounded of the other side? No. He is in the field, not to be a hospital nurse, but to follow up his advantage by hammering on the enemy who has departed, leaving his own wounded behind, and who may come back again to-morrow to strike him while clogged in the live and dead debris of yesterday's battle. The victor will hasten away to overtake or hang on the skirts of the vanquished army, leaving the wounded on both sides to be dealt with as may be possible by such surgeons as he can afford, in view of future contingencies, to leave behind, and to the ministrations of cosmopolitan amateur philanthropists of the Red Cross and kindred organizations. For there will be no more military barer companies. In the hunger for fighting men the 1,000 bearers per army corps of the present will have to be incorporated into a strong brigade with arms in their hands and a place in the fighting line.

Vanity.

A Philadelphian with more than the usual share of vanity has undergone an operation to enhance her good looks which may become as popular as that of appendicitis. This young woman was afflicted with ears that stood out from her head and thereby marred the symmetry dear to feminine eyes. We have all seen this sort of ear which nature and heredity too often bestow on the offspring of mankind. Generally the victim goes through life with the conspicuous blemish because he or she believes it is irremediable, or worse still because ignorant of the comical appearance it has. Criminals seldom have small shapely ears. The inference is, that the big protuberant kind indicate traits of character that are better concealed from human gaze. But since surgery is able to mitigate the misfortune, it will be the individual's own fault, if a happier era does not set in for the big ear. The Philadelphian has been wise in her generation, and every parent who observes her infant's defects will gladly see them mitigated by this new method and aid to comeliness. As might be expected it is a woman who has taken the primary step in this path to the beautiful.

PASSENGERS.

Per Steamer Rosalie from the Sound—W H Reed, G B Schmidt, Mrs Schmidt, O Fullerton, J Lacy, C Blake, J Henderson, J C Anderson, A Haddon, M Powers, M J Janes, Mrs Janes.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—B Van Volkelburg, H Saunders, Fred Carne, Speed Bros, Fuller & Gordon, A Beese.

Ayer's Hair Vigor is a universal beautifier. Harmless, effective, and agreeable, it has taken high rank among toilet articles. This preparation causes thin and weak hair to become abundant, strong, and healthy, and restores to gray hair its original color.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION

MORTGAGEE'S SALE OF VALUABLE LANDS, WADDINGTON ALLEY AND TOPAZ AVENUE

On WEDNESDAY, JUNE 27th, at 11 a.m.

I have been instructed to sell at my salesroom, Wharf street, Victoria, by virtue of a certain mortgage dated 9th March, 1893, and registered 21st April, 1893, in Charge Book Vol. 11, Folio 851, No. 14451 B, in the Lands Registry Office, Victoria, all those pieces or parcels of lands known as, viz., Subdivisions 5 and 6 of Lot 190,

WADDINGTON ALLEY.

Also Part of Lot or Subdiv. 29, being portion of Sec. V., Victoria District, now within within Victoria City, having a frontage of 121 feet on Topaz Avenue and 495 feet on Fourth street, more or less, which is a continuation of Quadra street, and extends through the Tolmie Estate to the to the Saanich Road. This property will be sold in two lots, the north and south halves. Terms of sale, one half cash, balance on mortgage 7 per cent. per annum.

For further particulars apply to Yates & Jay, Solicitors for the mortgagee, or to GEO. BYRNES, Auctioneer.

AUCTION

STOCK-IN-TRADE OF DRY GOODS STORE.

TO STOREKEEPERS

FRIDAY, JUNE 22, at 11 a.m.

I have been instructed to sell at my salesroom, Wharf street, Victoria, the following goods, viz., ladies' and children's cotton, cashmere, lisle and silk hose; ladies' and children's silk, lisle, cotton and kid gloves; lace mitts, ladies' and children's fancy collars and frillings; silk, pearl, bone and metal buttons; some very fine old English laces, Oriental embroideries, lace frillings, tarlatan mulls, Cash's frillings, gossamers, lace falls, Victoria lawns, cambric and cotton handkerchiefs, umbrellas, parasols, boys' Jersey suits, a full line of haberdashery, wool and cotton dress goods, ribbons, velveteens and velvet, dress silk and satin goods, plushes, corsets, aprons, transfer patterns, crapes, flowers, feathers, etc.

Jewelry, scarf pins, shirt studs, brooches, collar buttons, ear-rings, bracelets and other goods too numerous to mention.

GEO. BYRNES, Auctioneer.

ROSES

Extra strong plants of Choicest Old and New Varieties suitable for this climate.

Orders taken for fall delivery.

ANDREW OHLSON,

Oakland Nursery, Victoria, B. C.

GREAT REDUCTIONS!

Waltham Watch Co.

P. S. Bartlett stem wind, $8.00; Appleton Tracey & Co., $15.00; all new movements. Elgin Watch Co., B. W. Raymond, $15.

S. A. STODDART,

Practical Watchmaker, 68 1-2 Yates St.

NOTICE.

Having discontinued the sale of Wellington Coal, my customers will please settle their accounts before the 1st of July next. Present office, Railway Wharf and Coal Office, Store street.

Victoria, June 20. W. WALKER. 1d

WEILER BROS.,

ARE SHOWING

REFRIGATORS, ICE CREAM FREEZERS, ETC.,

Of the Latest and Best Makes.

Select your WALL PAPERS from the largest, best and most varied stock in British Columbia.

CARPET SWEEPERS in the best makes only.

CHENILLE TABLE COVERS AND CURTAINS in all the new art shades.

AWNINGS made to order; any style.

NOTE—Our latest arrivals include Oilcloths, Linoleums, Cork Carpet, Etc.

WEILER BROS.

Priestley's Dress Materials

Every lady should be interested in the fact that the Priestley's Dress Materials are to be had from the better class of dealers throughout Canada. For beauty, texture and enduring quality, they are unequalled. Manufactured as they are in pure wool, and in silk and wool interwoven, these goods have a soft richness which is a perfect delight to a lady of taste.

Priestley's goods are mostly in black, and in black and white.

A gown in Priestley's fabrics retains its style and beauty as long as there is anything of it left, hence they are the most economical for all classes.

N.B. TRADE MARK. THE VARNISHED BOARD ON WHICH THE GOODS ARE WRAPPED.

EX WARRIMOO

Australian Imports.

Corned Ox Tongue.
Whole Pine Apples in Syrup.
Sliced Pine Apples in Syrup.
Pine Apple Jam.

Very Fine Goods. Prices reasonable.

Erskine, Wall & Co

COR. GOV'T & FORT STS.

Co-Operation.

The British Columbia Industrial Co-Operative Association is founded on the basis of productive and distributive co-operation. It is a combination of laborers of various trades and professions, for their physical, intellectual, social and moral improvement, both directly and indirectly. By combining the surplus earnings of its members in one common fund the Association will provide them with permanent employment at good wages, with living at actual cost.

All persons wishing to join can obtain further particulars by addressing JOHN DODD, Nanaimo, B. C.

je1-tf-d&w

Shawnigan Lake.

Every comfort for pleasure-seekers at Shawnigan Lake Hotel. Accommodation for hunting, fishing or boating parties. Three cottages to let, furnished or unfurnished, kitchens attached. Families or parties will find these comfortable and convenient.

GEO. KOENIG, Proprietor.

my28-4m

Northwestern SS. Co.

STR. GEO. E. STARR

Leaves Victoria from Turner, Beeton's wharf for Seattle via Port Townsend daily except Sundays, at 9 a.m., arriving at Seattle 5 p.m. Connecting with the Great Northern Railway for all points east. Also connecting with first class steamers for all points on Puget Sound. Returning leaves Seattle direct for Victoria 11:30 p. m., arriving at Victoria 6:30 a.m.

C. A. RATTRAY, Agent.

Office Great Northern Ry., Government St.

ARMOUR'S '49ER HAMS

And Bacon

R. H. JAMESON, - 33 Fort Street.

SUITS AT 50c. ON THE $.

Just received a consignment of Mens' Fine Tailor Made Custom Suits which I will sell at about 50c. on the dollar on regular prices. $20 suits for $10, $22 and $24 suits for $12 and $14. Come and see them at

83 JOHNSON STREET.

BY ORDER OF SHIPPERS.

To close consignments, a shipment of the following will be sold at a considerable reduction under cost: Kirker & Co.'s Belfast Ginger Ale in cases (10 doz.); Lime Fruit Juice Cordial, Raspberry Vinegar; Brown & Polson's Corn Flour. Terms cash.

ROBT. WARD & CO., Ld. L'bity.

Victoria, B. C., June 1st, 1894. 1m

NOTICE.

Menzies street, from Superior to Michigan street, will be closed to public traffic until further notice.

E. A. WILMOT, City Engineer.

June 16-tf

Pendray's Soaps

STILL IN THE LEAD OF ALL THE GOODS IN THE SOAP LINE.

*****

Every Body . . . . Uses Them.

WE GRIND

Special and complicated Lenses for all the leading oculists of Victoria and the Province. Our work is equal in accuracy, quality and finish to the best that can be had ANYWHERE, and our prices are lower than if you sent away for the glasses.

F. W. Nolte & Co.,

THE ONLY OPTICIANS, 37 Fort St.

If you want your glasses neatly repaired bring them to us.

FOR SALE

6 Lots--2 Corners

ONE ACRE

The best site for a good house on the market. Close to Tramway. Near to water. City water on property.

THREE LOTS

Cultivated as garden. Price $1,400. A great bargain.

J. E. CRANE,

30 Broad Street.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from All European Points

From Montreal.	
Allan Line, Parisian	June 23
Allan Line, Mongolian	June 30
Dominion Line, Oregon	June 23
Dominion Line, Sarnia	June 30
Beaver Line, Lake Superior	June 27
Beaver Line, Lake Winnipeg	July 4
From New York.	
Cunard Line, Etruria	June 23
Cunard Line, Lucania	June 30
White Star Line, Teutonic	June 27
White Star Line, Britannic	July 4
American Line, Paris	June 27
American Line, Berlin	July 4
North Ger. Lloyd, Havel	June 27
North Ger. Lloyd, Kaiser	June 30
Anchor Line, City of Rome	June 30
Anchor Line, Ethiopia	July 7
Allan State Line, Nebraska	June 22
Allan State Line, California	July 6

Saloon fares from $40 to $90 according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $30 to $40. Steerage, $14 to $25. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY, General Agent, Victoria.

Cor. Fort and Government Sts.

NOTICE.

COMPETITIVE PLANS

and Estimates of Cost for the Construction of a Permanent Roadway across James Bay on the line of Government St. between Humboldt street and Belleville street, will be received at the office of the undersigned on or before the 1st day of July, 1894.

Plan and profile of sight and particulars of competition may be seen at the office of the City Engineer.

Awards—1st prize, $250; 2nd prize, $100. By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M. C.

City Clerk's Office, Victoria, B. C., April 26, 1894. 2-1m